FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER.

SEMI-WEEKLY SERIES—VOL. LX—NO 3,102 FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., THURSDAY, AUGUST 15, 1895. NEW SERIES—VOL. XII—NO. 643

THE OBSERVER.

THURSDAY.....AUGUST 15, 1895

NEWS AND COMMENTS.

The Populists of Ohio have nominated Jacob S. Coxey—he of Coxey's Army fame—for governor.

At the close of the last fiscal year there were 943,344 pensioners on the rolls of the pension bureau.

October 5th has been set apart as North Carolina day at the Atlanta Cotton States and International exposition.

The Principality of Trinidad has its Grand Chancellor located in New York, and the Republic of Cuba appears to have its headquarters in the same city, says the Norfolk Virginian.

The Argentine Republic, which hast just ended its career as a wheat exporter, expects to have 100,000,000 bushels of last year's crop, against 50,000,000 for the previous year it exported 70,000,000 bushels, chiefly to England.

The following are the total net receipts of cotton at all ports since September 1, 1894: Galveston 1,656,708 bales; New Orleans 2,578,-259; Mobile 256,874; Savannah 941,710; Charleston 427,618; Wilmington 234,512; Norfolk 450,188; Baltimore 118,248; New York 187,847; Boston 325,080; Newport News 33,630; Philadelphia 126,889; West Point 286,184; Brunswick 105,344; Velasco 593; Port Royal 152,144. Total, 7,010,787.

The New York Mercury's election for five weeks to find out gold and silver sentiment resulted as follows: For free silver coinage, 2,262; against free coinage, 1,783. The vote in New York city and Brooklyn stood: For free coinage, 5,713; against, 396; and New York state stood about the same. The Mercury says: "The result is astonishing when it is remembered that no effort was made to induce people to vote. It is astonishing that the people vote in the negative."

Li Yung Yew, the Chinese consul at San Francisco, has got himself into a nice fix, says the Wilmington Star. A member of one of the Chinese secret societies there was murdered, and it was charged that the murder was done at the instigation of another. Li was called upon to investigate and effect a truce between them and made such a bungling job of it that both societies now want to murder him, and he can't venture out without a big body guard. When the body guard isn't about, Li Yung has to hide.

The preliminary trial of the notable grave-robbing cases at Beaufort has ended. Attorneys of the defendants, except Samuel Williams and Dr. Perkins, are held to the next term of the Superior court under bond of $500. Williams and Perkins are each to give $200 bond. The last evidence in the case was very sensational. Mrs. Emily J. Casey, aged 75 years, one of the insured, and Miss Caroline Arthur Stewart, widow of Chas Arthur, revealed a conspiracy to insure the newly dead husband of the last named. Mrs. Stewart said that she had been promised one half the amount of insurance.

The Manufacturers' Record reports that the past week has been an unusually active and prosperous one in Southern industrial affairs. Cotton enterprises have been pushed with more than usual vigor. A company has been organized with a capital stock of $1,000,000 among New York capitalists interested, to introduce an improved cotton ginning and compressing system. Among the many cotton enterprises reported for the week were a $500,000 company to build at Newport News, Va., a $500,000 mill company at Memphis, a $100,000 company organizing at Greensboro, N. C., a $50,000 mill at Greer, S. C., a large mill at Haw River, a 3,000 spindle mill at Pine Bluff, N. C., a $75,000 company at Monroe, a new mill at Burlington, a new mill at Statesville while two mills at Columbus, Ga., will add about $75,000 of new machinery; a new mill at Richmond county, N. C., and a number of extensive improvements to mills throughout the South.

Cuba's representative in Denmark reports that during the past year a new industry has been established there which promises to become both profitable and serviceable, and which might be followed with equal success on both sides of the water, viz the shipment of fresh milk to large cities. A year ago a Danish merchant experimented in this direction by taking Danish milk, which is peculiarly pure and rich in flavor, freezing it by means of ice and salt, and sending it in barrels by rail and steamer to London. On its arrival the milk proved to be as sweet and fresh as if it had been just drawn from the cows in the middle of Sweden. The milk became much in demand and proved so profitable that the article of commerce that the exporter immediately took out a patent on the shipping of frozen milk from Sweden and Denmark to London. He then sold the patent to a London company with large capital, which, in turn, at last, bought one of the largest milk creameries, converted it into a factory for having put in a special freezing plant, and began, on May 1, the export of frozen milk in large quantities.

The Spanish officials fear that an attack will be made on Havana in the course of a few days. It is reported that shortly martial law will be declared in Havana. Fortifications are being erected at Puentes Grandes, a suburb of Havana, which will be heavily armed with cannon. Roleff in the early part of last week attacked a guerilla band of about 250 men near Remedios, completely routing them. Immediately upon the defeat of Roleff he was joined by many young men of the best families in Santi Spritu, Caibarien and Remedios Princes. The insurrection is gaining such strength in the province of Santa Clara that in the course of a few weeks they will be in complete control. It is rumored in Havana that Col. Baguerro died from wounds received at the battle of Arroyo Blanco. He was a distinguished officer in the Spanish army. Gen. Mella reports officially to the Government that on the 2nd, 3rd and 4th he attacked and completely routed the insurgents under Gen. Gomez, killing 150. His troops being exhausted he would not pursue the enemy. On the first, near Matanzas, seventeen of the guard attacked the band of Matagas, the notorious bandit. He lost three killed and many wounded.

SINCE OUR LAST ISSUE.

Latest News from all Parts of the World, Prepared Especially for the Readers of "The Observer."

At Mount Dora, Fla., while suffering from temporary aberration caused by illness, A. U. Hancock, a merchant of that place, blew out his brains. He leaves a wife and daughter. ——The British steamer Catterthurn, bound from Sydney for Hong Kong, was totally wrecked between Sydney and Brisbane. Many lives were lost. ——Gen. Campos of the Spanish forces in Cuba proposes to edit all the news reports himself for publication. ——James W. Jones, aged 30 years, hailing from Richmond, Va., and a cigar maker by trade, committed suicide in a barroom at Durham in a singular manner. He was on a spree and was refused liquor. He declared nothing but death would satisfy him, as he wanted to be with his wife and child who died recently. Pulling off his coat, he cried out: "Boys here's a new way to skate," and threw himself head foremost against the corner of a post. ——A special to the Charleston News and Courier, from Darlington, S. C., says: Claretta Norah Avery, the 9-year old colored girl preacher, is creating a sensation here. She is preaching in the colored Baptist Church to tremendous congregations, many of whom are white persons. Her sermons are remarkable in many respects. Most remarkable and extraordinary from any standpoint under the circumstances. Her sermons just now are the talk of the town and she seems beyond question to be a prodigy. ——The Louvre Cafe, a rendezvous for all prominent young men of Havana, is almost deserted. Many of its patrons have joined the revolutionists at Pueto Principe, and others have formed bands near Mantanzas. ——Valencia, the Cuban traitor, who betrayed to the Spanish authorities the arms and ammunitions hid away in the Vulca Abajo district, has been rewarded by a trip to Spain. ——The British and the American mission at Falshan, China, were attacked by a mob; the anti-foreign element is determined to drive all missionaries to the treaty ports. ——Marshall Cain, of Davie county, killed his brother in a dispute over the division of some property. ——British troops will escort the British consul who goes to Kucheng to investigate the massacre; Chinese troops who were sent there looted the mission houses. ——There is an unconfirmed report from Shanghai of Chinese outbreaks against foreigners at four additional places, all the missionaries escaping. ——Near Plymouth, N. H., a fast express train crashed into a freight train; an engineer and two firemen were killed and several passengers were seriously injured. ——The Italians at Spring Valley, Ill., are again in control of the place and mob law rules; the negroes are not allowed to go to work; the Mayor called on the sheriff for rifles, but he refused to let him have them, saying he would probably come with them himself. ——President Diaz issues a statement that under no circumstances shall the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight occur in Mexico. ——President Cleveland pardons J. F. Honeycutt, of this State, sentenced to imprisonment for counterfeiting. ——Postoffice receipts at our largest thirty cities for the last quarter were $7,761,-389, an increase over same quarter last year of $548,000. ——There is much excitement at Havana over fears of an attack by insurgents; the insurgents are rapidly gaining strength in several parts of the island. ——In the Kentucky lunatic asylum an inmate killed another with a brick. ——Neill Brothers, of Manchester, have issued a report on the American cotton crop in which they figure a reduction in acreage of 10 per cent. outside of Texas and a yield of between 8,000,000 and 9,000,000 bales. ——A special to the Manufacturers' Record says that the contracts secured by the Anniston, Ala., Pipe and Foundry Company, for iron pipe to be shipped to Yokohama, Japan, aggregates thirty thousand tons. It is the largest contract for iron for foreign shipment ever secured by any American house and was secured in competition with leading manufacturers in Europe. ——Gen. Coppinger, in command of the United States troops sent to suppress Indian troubles in Idaho, telegraphed the War Department from Jackson's Hole: "No Indians; all quiet." ——Spain will send 33,000 troops to Cuba this month and 20,000 in October. ——In the sugar bounty case Comptroller Bowler holds that an executive officer has the right to declare an act of Congress invalid on the ground of being unconstitutional. ——Two of the Raleigh burglars were captured; they are a cook and her husband. ——Jim Hall and Joe Choynski will fight for the "light-heavy" weight championship. ——Bradstreet's of last week says: The features of the business week are a continuance of the remarkable strength of the demand for, the increase in the production of, and the advance of prices of steel and iron, practically all first-class producing plants having been put into service and not a few of the cripples. Prices have shown great change this week, cotton, leather and prints being noteworthy for advances and copper for its strength. The failures as reported to Bradstreet's, numbered 209 throughout the United States this week, against 221 last week, and 197 in the week one year ago, and 474 two years ago. There have been moderate changes in general trade in the Southern States, the most striking being at Dallas, and in general throughout Texas. Crops of cotton and corn there are large, and country merchants are buying more freely. Building is quite active in Texas, and has had the usual effect on the lumber and building materials trades. ——Workmen in the Holmes "castle" discover a gas pipe leading into the windowless room, with a cut-off in an adjoining room. ——The trouble at Spring Valley, Ill., is over for the present and a number of negroes have returned to work in the mines. ——A man in Baltimore shoots his sister-in-law and his brother-in-law and then himself; he will die, the others will probably recover. ——The Chinese Government sends 1,500 troops to Ku Cheng to protect foreigners and will investigate the recent outrages and punish the guilty. ——The North-German-Lloyd company will withdraw their steamers plying between Baltimore and Bremen. ——In the Roman Catholic Abstinence Union convention two sets of resolutions were introduced, both alike, save that the minority report condemns the making and selling of beer by the monks of St. Vincent's abbey; the majority report was adopted. ——The Chicago and Ohio River association adopts for September the one cent a mile rate to the Atlanta exposition. ——A bronze medal of the Red Cross society of Venezuela was awarded Surgeon Tryon, of our navy, for services to wounded in the rebellion three years ago. ——The will of the late Mrs. Talmage was probated; it gives her entire estate, worth $166,000 to her husband.

The Progress of Imperialism.

"SELF-DEDICATED."

We are indebted, says the New York Sun, to the long memory of the Springfield Republican for the following noble passage from a certain campaign speech delivered by the Democratic candidate for President in 1884:

"There should be no mistake this time concerning the meaning of the contest. The struggle is to break down the barriers between the plain people of the nation and the administration of the Government. The question to be determined is whether the people may change their public servants, or whether, while they loudly hope they have a representative Government, they are bound and held captive by those who make politics an occupation and hold public place as a profitable business. This Government was made for the people, but if they must select the agents who shall have its administration in charge from a self dedicated and self constituted class, it is a mockery to call this Government by the people."

This is probably taken from a contemporary report of what Mr. Cleveland actually said at Bridgeport, Conn., on Oct. 30, 1884. We observe that as the speech appears on page 302 of "The Writings and Speeches of Grover Cleveland," the language is somewhat modified, although the main ideas are the same.

At that time Mr. Cleveland was a politician trying to turn somebody else out of office and to get himself in. As in his celebrated letter of acceptance, written a few months earlier, he was very much exasperated at the influence which an Administration intrenched in office can exert in national politics. He saw in the pernicious activity of the officeholders a serious danger to the republic. That activity and that dangerous influence were then being exerted against him.

Since then, however, Mr. Cleveland himself has become self-dedicated, yes, even self-consecrated, to office; although, as every Mugwump will understand, not at all in the sordid and vulgar and selfish sense in which he applied the term to the Republican officeholders in 1884. He is self dedicated because the country needs him, not because he needs office. It is unnecessary to emphasize the distinction.

Yet we find that outspoken Democratic newspaper, the Cincinnati Enquirer, describing Mr. Cleveland's present use of the power of the Administration in language as severe as that which Mr. Cleveland employed respecting the wickedly self-dedicated and not truly consecrated Republican horde of 1884. Our types almost blush to convey the slanderous allegations, even for the purpose of rebuke:

"The President can take away the last slice of bread and butter from any man who gets his pay from the Government, and he plainly indicates that he will do so if he does not further his political views. The President is sure of the slavish service of the men in Government employ who can be controlled at all, and he is sure of his power to remove all who refuse to be controlled. The consequence is that at this very hour the whole official machine is working as restlessly as the tides to enable Mr. Cleveland absolutely to control the next National Democratic Convention. Those who believe that, having such control, he would refuse the nomination again are candidates for the wiles of the bunco steerer. Of course he intends to extend his term for another four years. It would be less offensive for him to do this than to yoke the Democratic party up like cattle to the support of some person selected by him. Never was there a thinner disguise than the one under which he now masquerades of seeking the election of delegates to the next National Convention who will be for 'honest money.' What he wants is delegates who will be for Grover Cleveland."

The key to much that is apparently inconsistent in Mr. Cleveland's career is found in the fact that his self-dedication differs from the self-dedication of other statesmen. They dedicate themselves because they are selfish, ambitious men, intriguing for power and grasping for pelf. He dedicates himself solely in response to a popular demand. His whole career is one continuous response to the calls of duty.

Why, he once said in a campaign speech at Newark, N. J.: "I am here to visit the county and State where I was born in response to the invitation of many political friends." Even in the matter of his birth, this extraordinary man responded to a general political demand.

A "RULER."

When a prominent wholesale grocer of Memphis announced in Atlanta, says the Atlanta Constitution, that the salary of Mr. Cleveland ought to be doubled and that he ought to be elected for life, the applause that the remark excited occasioned great surprise among those who are honest enough to be democrats. On the other hand, it met the cordial approval of a large section of office holders and those who expect to be office holders. This was the first bold and distinct utterance behind which the third term boomers could afford to take shelter.

Here was a prominent and influential citizen who wanted Mr. Cleveland to be dictator, with a salary of $100,000 a year. What harm, then, could it be for a few patriotic and long-suffering office holders to nominate Mr. Cleveland for a third term? Why none in the world. They were not proposing a dictatorship; they did not want Mr. Cleveland to be president for life, but only for another term—just one more. Thus the pleasing and entertaining campaign has begun, and we find some of the more officious of the pap suckers putting Mr. Cleveland forward for a third term on the plea that they do not desire him to be dictator. Those who desire to smile over this may do so, but it is not by any means a smiling matter for the democratic party.

The situation is very peculiar, and the honest democrats of the country may as well look it in the face first as last. There is no eastern candidate on which the national party can unite. There is but one man on whom the eastern goldbugs can unite and that man is Cleveland. Consequently the animated talk about a third term is something more than a mere passing joke or sensation. It began with a proposition in favor of an election for life, which was vociferously applauded by a convention of wholesale merchants, every man of them professing to be a democrat, and it will end with a compromise in favor of a fourth nomination and a third term.

The discussion has begun in earnest in Massachusetts, the cradle of all the isms and ologies that have ever afflicted or threatened the social peace and welfare of the country. Mr. George S. Merriam, who lives in the neighborhood of Springfield, takes a brand new position on the question. He declares, in effect, that presidents are not elected to administer the laws, but to "rule." Mr. Merriam puts the matter in debatable shape by asking, "Is there a man in the country who shows such fitness to rule?"

The contention is, of course, that a president is a "ruler," and that no man in the country has shown such fitness for "ruling" as Mr. Cleveland. We have here the admission that Mr. Cleveland, instead of carrying out the will of his party and the people, has set himself up as a "ruler," and that he has been so successful in the business that "no other man in the country has such fitness to rule."

According to the theory of Mr. Merriam, and those who agree with him, the only security for the institutions of this country is for the people to become dependent on the will, whims and disposition of one person. This may be democracy in Massachusetts in these latter days, but it is not the kind of democracy that Jefferson and his followers taught, and it is not the kind of democracy taught by Daniel Webster.

In short, the fact is becoming more and more evident that the democratic party is to be sifted as wheat, but there still remain those in the ranks who will strive to strengthen the brethren. Therefore let the honest voters of the country look forward to the future with hope.

SERVANTS NOT RULERS.

Let me congratulate you, says Nathaniel Bacon to the New York World, on the promptness with which The World has challenged Ambassador Bayard's right to speak of an American President as "the ruler" of the people.

He is their hired servant as much so as the man who sweeps out the White House and empties the slops. If he tries to rule the people, he is violating his oath of office and attempting to usurp authority which is expressly withheld from him by the Constitution.

I suppose that some day we will get through the existing epoch of Blue Light Federalism and Toryism. When we do we will again be able to see that the man, in office or out, who undertakes to rule another by any kind of force is of all men the most contemptible and detestable.

The overseer, the slave-driver, the boss, the pantata, the ruler—all these are different names for the same thing, and that thing is the human animal who wishes to coerce and humiliate others into obedience to his will.

THE WHITNEY BLIND.

Mr. Whitney's position, says the New York Herald's Washington correspondent, in this Presidential business must not be misunderstood. The former Secretary of the Navy can in no sense be regarded as a seeker after the nomination, but he will, it is said, accept it. He has been urged repeatedly to announce himself as a candidate, but he has met all such suggestions with the statement that political strife was distasteful to him, and that he would not enter on any struggle for the honor. In this respect he is not unlike Mr. Cleveland, who could probably get the nomination for himself if he chose to leap into the fray and make war on the politicians.

Prominent democrats who have lately spent much time in the South and West said yesterday that they had been astounded at the situation in that region as regards Mr. Cleveland. They say that all through the agitation of the free silver heresy that has stirred up the South and West the President has lost little of his hold on the masses. As against Mr. Cleveland they assert that the free silver politicians could not hold the rank and file of the party. They also believe that the free silver craze, which, even according to such a rabid person as Senator Peffer, who was interviewed in yesterday's Herald, is on the wane, will have spent its force long before the next Democratic National Convention, which is not likely to be held before the middle of June.

The Cleveland men argue that if the President is thus able to hold his friends among the masses of the South under such unfavorable conditions, why can he not hold them for some such man as William C. Whitney, with the conditions even more favorable?

LET THE PRESIDENT TRY THE EFFICACY OF AN AFFIDAVIT.

The continued silence, says the New York Sun, of Mr. Cleveland on the subject of a third term is bringing out many ingenious theories. Why does not the President say the words that will shut up his fool Mugwump friends and relieve the more timid of the Democratic newspapers from the awful uncertainty in which they are Low laboring?

We violate no confidence when we announce that the delay is due to a well-founded apprehension on Mr. Cleveland's part that if he should declare himself as opposed on principle to a third term, the people would not believe him.

That is what makes the situation so painful. He declared against a second term, on principle, in language about as strong as he could possibly employ in any renunciation of third term ambition. Then he went in twice for a second term for himself, and at the second trial secured it. No wonder he hesitates now to put before the country a declaration on the subject of third terms which will remind everybody of his famous utterance of 1884 on the subject of second terms, and the serious danger to the republic in the eligibility of the President for re-election.

Yet he ought to speak, for the sake of the Democratic party. We repeat our suggestion that Mr. Cleveland should try this time the effect of an affidavit.

IS IT THE WORK OF ENEMIES?

The New Bedford Evening Journal, says the New York Sun, is the Democratic newspaper which happens to be nearest to the person of Mr. Cleveland; that is to say, while he is at Gray Gables. The Journal remarks:

"This gabble over the third term for President Cleveland is asinine. Only the enemies of the President indulge in it."

The Galveston News is printed a long way from Buzzard's Bay. Its editor and proprietor, Mr. A. H. Belo, is the close personal friend and warm admirer of Mr. Cleveland. The News remarks:

"It is not too late for the Democratic party to provide for winning the support of this emergency vote in 1896. But to do so it must purge itself effectually of free silver fiatism and other forms of socialistic radicalism; it must unequivocally stand up for the sound money policy of the present Democratic Administration, and must conclusively prove its sincerity therein by nominating for President a man exactly after the Cleveland pattern on the money question, if not Mr. Cleveland himself."

The editor of the Galveston News, far away as he is, knows a thousand times better than the editor of the New Bedford Evening Journal what the Hon. Grover Cleveland likes and wants.

LET MR. CLEVELAND DECLARE HIMSELF.

Mr. Cleveland's friends have taken such liberties with his name, says the Cincinnati Enquirer, of recent date, that his silence makes him a candidate for the Democratic nomination in 1896. He is being thrust forward by some as the one only honest man in the Democratic party, and by others as the one only friend of honest money in the United States. The political Brahmins hold him up to be worshipped. Some political hogs, who are munching the acorns which he shakes from the tree of patronage, grunt and squeal in indignant protest at the suggestion of any other candidate. They hold little conventions and caucuses around the various loyal whey troughs and inform the country of his virtues, and ask "Where shall we find another?"

If President Cleveland is marshalling his forces for continuing indefinitely in the Presidential office, it is time for him to say so, and give some reason for attempting to overthrow a national tradition. If he has no such purpose in view, it is due to the fourteen millions of American voters that he should declare in unmistakable terms that he will not permit his name to go before the people in any form or under any auspices whatever.

THIRD TERMERS MEAN BUSINESS.

There is no doubt, says the Atlanta Constitution, that the third-termers mean business. It would be well for the people to mean business also.

HOIST BY HIS OWN PETARD.

That gold crank, the Atlanta Journal, Hoke Smith's paper, says:

"All the way through, from cover to cover, the Bible is against free silver at 16 to 1. In the days of Solomon, the wisest of men, silver was entirely discredited, and "was nothing accounted of." It will be remembered that this was the most prosperous period in the history of Israel and Judea, and wheat was doubtless selling for a dollar a bushel. Abraham, the father of the faithful, was pre-eminently a sound money man and a just man. He scorned to take advantage of any Gland or Sherman legal tender clause when he paid Ephron, the Hittite, for his graveyard. "And Abraham weighed to Ephron the silver which he had named in the audience of the sons of Heth, four hundred sheckles of silver, current money with the merchant." So Ephron got full bullion value for his lot according to the market. No sixteen-to-one free and unlimited coinage of silver, with one half fraud, for the father of the faithful. But withal, Abraham was not devoid of business shrewdness. We read that he was rich in both silver and gold, but it will be observed that he kept the gold for himself and paid out the silver. We also direct the attention of the sixteen to-one enthusiast to the fact that when the prophet Jeremiah bought the field of Hanameel, his cousin, he weighed out the money—even seventeen sheckles of silver. So anxious was the prophet to make it clear that he did not impose any stamped or fictitious value upon his creditor that he got witnesses to see that he weighed the money in the balances. Contrast this honorable conduct of Abraham and Jeremiah with that of the Ishmaelite from Gilead, who paid the sons of Jacob twenty pieces of silver for their brother. That money was counted and went by its nominal 16 to 1 value, and the patriarchs were cheated. St. Paul made an anti silver campaign in Ephesus and converted many men, like certain members of the United States Senate who worshipped silver. But why multiply instances? The Bible is for sound money from cover to cover and an honest dollar, and for workmen being worthy of their hire in full, and not in 50 cent dollars."

Now, observe how this foolish gold bug is hoist by his own petard. Let him answer this question: Were the silver dollars which Mr. Cleveland had coined during the last campaign and paid out to government creditors 100 cent dollars, or were they only "nominally" of 16 to 1 value, and therefore "cheats"?

Do Gulls Follow Ships?

Scientific American.

On a late trip of one of the steamers plying between Portland and San Francisco the question came up among the passengers as to whether the gulls which appeared around the ship each morning were the same birds as had been with the ship on the day previous. To test the matter a line and fish hook were procured, and with a bait of salt pork the fishing for a sea gull was commenced. The first cast of the line was successful, a big gray bird swooping down on the bait. He was hauled aboard and found to be uninjured; the hook having caught in one of the glands of the beak, from which it was rapidly loosened. After detaching the hook a strip of red flannel was brought and carefully tied around the gull's left leg by one of the seamen of the steamer, the bird being then turned loose. Circling for a moment in the air, the gull started toward the distant blue streak which denoted the coast line, and it was generally allowed that each day brought a new contingent of gulls to follow the steamer and pick up the waste scraps from the table; but on coming on deck after breakfast the next morning there was the flannel-bedecked gull to be seen, the most clamorous of all the birds. To test the gull's reasoning power, if it had any, the same line and bait was drifted astern, the gull caught the day before being one of the first to strike for it.

Death of Judge Jackson.

Justice Howell E. Jackson, of the United States Supreme Court, died at Nashville, last Thursday.

Howell Edmunds Jackson, Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, was born in Paris, Tenn., April 8th, 1832; in 1840 his parents removed to Jackson; he received a classical education and graduated from West Tennessee College in 1846; studied law two years at the University of Virginia and in Jackson, under his kinsmen, Judge A. W. O. Totten and Milton Brown; graduated from the Lebanon law school in 1856, in which year he located in Jackson and engaged in the practice of his profession; removed to Memphis in 1859, where he continued the practice of the law; served on the Supreme Court bench by appointment on two occasions, and was once a prominent candidate for Supreme Court judge before the nominating convention; re-located in Jackson in 1876; was elected to the State House of Representatives in 1880 on the State credit platform, was elected to the United States Senate as a Democrat in 1881, and served till April 12, 1886; was appointed United States Circuit Judge by President Cleveland, and nominated for Associate Justice by President Harrison, was confirmed by the Senate February 18th, 1893, and entered upon the duties of the office March 4th, 1893.

Is the Press to be Bought, Outright?

[Washington Correspondence, New Berne Journal, July 20.]

Reports received here say that Hoke Smith is making a thorough campaign in Georgia, in the interest of sound money. He has received three invitations to address audiences in Augusta, the home of ex-Senator Pat Walsh, his formidable rival. Sound money clubs are being formed all over the State and by the fall two-thirds of the weekly press will be opposed to free silver.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

The Thompson-Shaw Case.

Washington Correspondence Charlotte Observer.]

The Thompson-Shaw contested election case makes 328 pages besides the index. Dr. Cy. Thompson, Populist contestant, says in his notice of contest that he contests "your pretended election," etc. Thos. H. Sutton, of Fayetteville, is his attorney. In his specifications he charges that the election in Cross Creek township was "illegal, fraudulent and void" in thirty particulars, the first of which alleges that the election was held in a building not the court house of Cumberland on election day, when the election should have been held in the several wards of the town of Fayetteville. Further he charges that there were duplicate sets of poll boxes for white and colored voters when there should have been only one box for each class of candidates; that the said election was held by deputies or clerks and not, as required by law, by the judges of election. He also alleges that there were stuffed ballots for John G. Shaw which were not cast, and ballots thrown out or changed from Thompson or Spears for Shaw. Other frauds, irregularities and informalities are charged. The specifications cover, besides Cross Creek, Black River and Quewhiffle townships, in Cumberland, Fort Barnwell and Jasper precincts, Brown Creek, Jones; and Summersill, Rock Run, Amon's Store, Golden Place, Swansboro, Cross Roads, Angola and Jacksonville precincts, Onslow county.

The contestee, John G. Shaw, avers and alleges that he was honestly elected and denies that the said Cyrus Thompson was so elected as alleged. He avers that the Cross Creek election was held in the usual building for elections, the legally established place for such elections. He denies that there are three thousand persons resident in the city of Fayetteville or any ward thereof or that the election should have been held in each ward of said city. This city is only a part of Cross Creek township; a large part of the voters live outside the limits of the city and within the township. He further denies that there were separate boxes for "whites" and "colored" and states that two sets of boxes for the purpose of giving every elector a choice to vote had been there more than thirty years, and it was in accordance with law. He denies the averment about unsworn men holding the elections. He admits that the returns from Cross Creek were not signed by two judges of election, one of whom declined, without giving any reason therefor, the other leaving for sickness before the returns were signed by a majority of the election judges. In a great many instances Mr. Shaw puts in a general denial. He shows that if the Fort Barnwell vote, thrown out by the Craven board of canvassers, was counted, it would be more than offset by the vote of Jasper and Pleasant Hill, in the same county, thrown out for like reason, namely, failure to open polls until after the prescribed hour. He denies that the Riverdale (Craven) vote was rejected, but if there was, as alleged by contestant, intimidating of voters, etc., the election was void and contestee's majority was increased fourteen. Contestee alleges that the Kenansville election was void because conducted by unsworn men. Here Thompson claimed a majority of 59.

Mr. Shaw's attorneys are Hons. Ralph P. Buxton and Geo. M. Rose, of Fayetteville, and C. R. Thomas, of Newbern.

Literary Notes.

HARPER & BROTHERS announce for publication some time in August the following books: *About Paris*, by Richard Harding Davis; *The Money We Need*, by Henry Loomis Nelson; *The Front Yard, and other Italian Stories*, by Constance Fenimore Woolson, and a new edition of Thomas Hardy's *Two On a Tower*.

"ALTHOUGH we are apt to speak of the 'writing' or the 'making' of a book, rather than of its 'building,' each of these is a distinct operation; and when a book, first written, then made, is finally ready, it has been built as truly as a house or a ship is built. It has demanded an equal amount of careful planning, skilled labor, and close attention to the thousand details that go to the making of a completed whole." With these words Kirk Munroe begins an exceedingly interesting and valuable article on "The Building of a Book" in HARPER'S ROUND TABLE for August 6th. Himself a successful author of tales of adventure, Mr. Munroe is enabled by his own experience to speak with confidence upon such topics as authorship, and the training that fits one for the profession of letters; the selection of a subject for a projected work, the preparation of the manuscript, and so on to the moment when "the precious manuscript is put into a box and sent off to a publisher." At that point in the narration the fund of Mr. Munroe's varied experience is still further drawn upon, and we fine him examining the newly arrived manuscript from the publisher's point of view. For the purposes of this article of course the book is accepted, the questions of royalty and copyright and such matters are adjusted, and we are led onward through composing-room, press-room, and bindery, with entertaining descriptions of the mechanical processes of publication.

Naturally, the most quotable portions of the article are those relating to the creative period—as where Mr. Munroe says: "So every one, except those who know, imagines book-writing to be so easy that most of those who desire to earn a livelihood without very hard work try their hands at it. The girl of brains and education, thrown upon her own resources, decides to become an author; and, after a desperate struggle, fails because she has no real experiences to draw from. The sea-captain who is too old to follow his chosen profession, but must still make a living, and is brimful of experience and adventures, decides to become an author. When he, too, meet; with failure, he blames everybody and everything except himself, and rarely discovers that the reason he cannot become a successful author at his time of life is because he has not been trained to the business; and does not know how to write."

HARPER & BROTHERS, Publishers,
New York, July 30, 1895.

Only one marble statue of the human figure with eyelashes is known. It is the "Sleeping Ariadne," one of the Vatican pictures and was found in 1503.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

MISSOURI DECLARES FOR SILVER.

Mr. Bland Wins a Complete Victory.

Last week we mentioned Mr. Bland's great triumph in the Democratic State Convention of Missouri, which convened at Pertle Springs on the 6th instant. The party machinery was against him, and it was only after a hot campaign that the Executive Committee was forced to call the Convention. When this body met, however, it was found that the goldbugs were in a hopeless minority.

Here are the resolutions adopted:

"The federal constitution names silver and gold together as the money metals of the United States.

"The first coinage bill passed by congress under the constitution made the silver dollar the unit of value and admitted gold to free coinage at a ratio measured by the silver dollar unit.

"From the beginning of the government, following a policy formulated by Thomas Jefferson and firmly established by Jackson, the democratic party has been the party of bimetallism, favoring the free coinage of both silver and gold at the national mints, and opposed to farming out to banking corporations the government's sovereign power of issuing and controlling the money of the people.

"The act of 1873 demonetizing silver was surreptitiously passed, without the approval or knowledge of the American people, and from the time when the effect of this act in fastening upon the country the single gold standard was understood, the democratic party has consistently and persistently urged that the grievous wrong be righted.

"Failure to accomplish this object has resulted in the steady appreciation of gold, a corresponding fall in the prices of commodities produced by the people, a heavy increase in the burden of all debtors, public and private, the enrichment of the money lending class, paralysis of industry and impoverishment of the people and unexampled distress in all gold standard countries.

"Experience has shown that while under the single gold standard there may be an occasional revival of business activity, accompanied by enhanced prices of a limited number of commodities, such revival is due to artificial and temporary causes and cannot permanently alleviate the sufferings due to falling prices brought about by the appreciation of gold and an inadequate supply of primary or redemption money.

"Duty to the people requires that the party of the people continue the battle for bimetallism until its efforts are crowned with success.

A 16 TO 1 RATIO.

"Therefore be it resolved, That we, the democrats of Missouri, in convention assembled, demand the free and unlimited coinage of silver and gold, into primary or redemption money, at the ratio of 16 to 1, without waiting for the action or approval of any other nation.

"2. Resolved, That we are irrevocably opposed to the substitution for metallic money of a panic-breeding-corporation-credit currency based on a single metal, the supply of which is so limited that it can be cornered at any time by a few banking institutions in Europe and America.

"3. Resolved, That we are opposed to the policy and practice of surrendering to the holders of the obligations of the United States, the option reserved by the law to the government of redeeming such obligations in either silver coin or gold coin.

"4. Resolved, That we are opposed to the issuing of interest-bearing bonds of the United States in time of peace, and especially are we opposed to placing the treasury of the government under the control of any syndicate of bankers and the issuance of bonds to be sold by them at an enormous profit for the purpose of supplying the federal treasury with gold to maintain the policy of gold monometallism."

Additional resolutions were adopted instructing the state committee to call a convention not later than April 15th to elect delegates to the national convention, also sending congratulations of the Missouri silver democratic convention to Blackburn, of Kentucky.

The resolutions were adopted amid enthusiastic applause and without a dissenting voice.

GOLDBUGS SAT UPON.

Bland dominated the gathering completely. He was temporary and permanent chairman and in opening the convention stated deliberately that the time had come for the silver men to assume control of the party machinery and run it with a view of accomplishing their ends. The delegates were with him and his programme was enthusiastically carried out. The convention was noticeable for lack of speech-making, considering the weighty nature of the business transacted. There were no fights on the floor of the convention, and the reorganization of the committee and the adoption of the platform were carried by a practically unanimous vote.

To the Sunday School Workers of North Carolina.

For several reasons it has been deemed best to postpone the State Convention, appointed to be held at Goldsboro Aug. 27-29, until November, the exact date not being yet determined upon.

This will enable many more counties to hold their local conventions and elect delegates to the State Convention. Notice will be given as soon as the date has been decided upon. In the meantime county officers are urged to hold township and county conventions and select their representatives as delegates to the State Convention. The program is now being outlined and will be announced as soon as completed. We promise the Sunday School workers of the State one of the best conventions we have ever had. Help us to make it THE BEST. In His name.

N. B. BROUGHTON, Pres.
H. N. SNOW, Chm'n Ex. Com.

A Missouri Example for Committeeman Ransom.

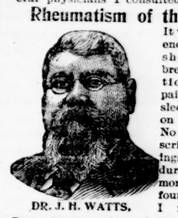
"It is time," said Mr. Bland at the Missouri convention, "that we were taking charge of the party. If we don't we will have the same state of affairs next year we have had this. We want no Kentucky business in Missouri."

YEARS OF INTENSE PAIN.

Dr. J. H. Watts, druggist and physician, Humboldt, Neb., who suffered with heart disease for four years, trying every remedy and all treatments known to himself and fellow-practitioners; believes that heart disease is curable. He writes:

"I wish to tell what your valuable medicine has done for me. For four years I had heart disease of the very worst kind. Several physicians I consulted, said it was

Rheumatism of the Heart.



DR. J. H. WATTS.

It was almost unendurable; with shortness of breath, palpitations, severe pains, unable to sleep, especially on the left side. No pen can describe my sufferings, particularly during the last months of those four weary years. I finally tried

Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure,

and was surprised at the result. It put new life into and made a new man of me. I have not had a symptom of trouble since and I am satisfied your medicine has cured me for I have now enjoyed, since taking it

Three Years of Splendid Health.

I might add that I am a druggist and have sold and recommended your Heart Cure, for I know what it has done for me and only wish I could state more clearly my suffering then and the good health I now enjoy. Your Nervine and other remedies also give excellent satisfaction." J. H. WATTS.

Humboldt, Neb., May 9, '94.

Dr. Miles Heart Cure is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1. 6 bottles for $5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure
Restores Health

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

"JUST A FEW WORDS"

That some of the young men have to say who have ridden the

—RAMBLER BICYCLE.—

Messrs. A. J. Pemberton and Co.,

GENTLEMEN:

Replying to your favor of recent date in regard to the "Rambler Bicyle" will say: The Rambler is as near perfect in every respect as it is possible to make a wheel.

I have owned five (5) different makes of wheels (among the number was a Columbia) and I have ridden many more, but the Rambler is the easiest running and the most comfortable wheel to ride on that I have ever mounted. I am sure I shall never want to trade again.

Wishing you all the success you surely deserve in selling the best wheel on earth, I remain

Yours very truly,
E. M. SHEETZ.

Feb'y 12, 1895.

A. J. Pemberton & Co.,

GENTLEMEN:

Regarding your query as to "How I like the Rambler Bicycle," I need only state my experience. Last June I bought a "Columbia," and after riding it two months, I sold it and purchased a "Rambler."

I can unhesitatingly say that the Rambler is the best I have ever mounted, and

THE OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., AUG. 15, 1895

Established in 1825 by E. J. Hale, Sr

E. J. HALE, Editor and Proprietor.

THE PROGRESS OF IMPERIALISM.

We give in another column our weekly instalment of items culled from the press throughout the country which show the progress of the President's effort to revolutionize the government. As each day passes the testimony of our own senses convinces us of the literal truth of the thing we laughed at, as the suggestion of a disordered fancy, only the day before.

Let us see.

It is now four months—it was on the 22d of April—since the Associated Press gave out the unqualified statement that the President of the United States—the sworn servant of the People, whose laws, which he has made oath to obey, forbid his taking any hand whatever in the selection of members of the legislative branch of the government, or in the promotion, in advance of their election, of any policy whatever which may be the subject of their action—it is now four months since the Associated Press gave to the public the unqualified statement that the President of the United States was about to undertake the revolutionary and infamous acts imputed to him in the following dispatch:

"A strong and vigorous fight against the free and unlimited coinage of silver independent of international agreement is to be made by the administration. With that end in view, officers in the various Executive Departments appointed under the present administration are being urged to organize systematically for the purpose of conducting the contest along the lines laid down in the President's letter. Many of the higher officials who enjoy reputations at home as stump speakers will probably take the field early in the summer and others are even now engaged in writing letters to their local papers or personal friends, impressing upon them the importance of sustaining the administration in the position it has outlined. Federal officers in the several States will be organized as a nucleus about which all who uphold the administration or rather who are opposed to the free and unlimited coinage of silver, will be expected to rally. There are nearly 200,000 Governmentr officials, district attorneys and innumerable contractors scattered throughout the country. These will be expected to do the aggressive fighting in the field and will be amply furnished with documents *and the necessary sinews of war from Washington.* [Italics ours.] Nearly all the Cabinet officers will take the stump for one or more speeches. Sec'ty Carlisle will certainly make two or more speeches in the Kentucky campaign. Secretary Morton will deliver an address in Chicago and perhaps one in St. Louis. Secretary Herbert and Congressman Clarke will probably speak in Alabama, the Postmaster General will speak in Illinois and Indiana and may find time to do so late in the summer. The President is represented as being thoroughly in earnest in the proposed crusade against the free and unlimited coinage of silver and will leave no stone unturned to prevent the free silver sentiment from gaining headway and to crush it out if possible. As tariff reform was the test of party fealty in his campaign for the Presidential nomination, active support of his demand for the repeal of the Sherman purchasing clause the test of party fealty in 1894, so in 1895 the test of party fealty will be uncompromising opposition to the free and unlimited coinage of silver by the United States independent of international agreement. Perfected State organizations with this end in view are now being formed and these organizations will be extended to the counties and districts."

When the dispatch just quoted appeared, the OBSERVER raised the alarm and declared that there could be no question of its authenticity, issued as it was by such an organization as the Associated Press and in the very shadow of the White House. The cuckoo organs in this State pretended to laugh at it, declaring that it was a "fake"; and some people thought the OBSERVER had jumped to a too hasty conclusion. But no denial of the infamous purpose imputed to him escaped the President's lips; and in less than a week he confirmed it in his letter to Governor Stone. Then people began to say, the President has overreached himself; the People will rise against him in their wrath and teach him his place. The OBSERVER said, "No: the struggle will be much more nearly even than thoughtless persons imagine; the President will endeavor to seize or corrupt the machinery of the democratic party, knowing that that party is the only body which stands between him and his desires; newspapers will be bought; and the money of plutocracy at his behest will flow like water, when necessary."

What has happened in these four short months?

The Secretary of the Treasury, obedient to the programme, has captured the convention of free silver Kentucky.

The Secretary of the Interior, obedient to the programme, has invaded Georgia and unlawfully used the postoffices thereof in furtherance of the President's unlawful purpose.

The Minister to Mexico retains his place as national committeeman for North Carolina.

The New York Financial Chronicle has declared that money must be sent into the South to corrupt those who influence elections.

The President's Reform Club has made corrupt propositions to the silver press in the same behalf.

Few papers now dare to raise their voice against the President; while, in Mr. Hoke Smith's State, his henchmen have gone so far as to predict "that two-thirds of the press of Georgia will be for 'sound money' by Autumn."

Near friends of the President have admitted that they seek for him a third term. Upon the heels of this have come positive assurances that the President does not desire a third term, and that he himself will so declare. But, though weeks have passed, he remains silent.

At last has come the open avowal by Mr. Chauncey Black, President of the National League of Democratic Clubs, that the influence of this powerful organization, servant of the democratic party, will be used, "where conventions have not yet been held, to secure indorsement of the administration and the sound money principles"!

But, monstrous as this is—the proposition of aliens, from whom we are accustomed to expect strange views—it is as nothing compared to the cool assertion which has been made by a North Carolina Democratic authority that, outside of the money question, North Carolina Democrats will accord the President a complete endorsement!

Democrats of North Carolina, is that true? Do you endorse the man, elected by your votes to carry out the principles of your party,

Who appointed the Mugwump Hornblower;

Who appointed the Bolter Peckham;

Who appointed the office-purchaser Van Alen;

Who refused to vote for the Democratic nominee for Governor in his own State;

Who retains Republicans in important offices (from which Democrats had been removed) after their terms have expired;

Who has made appointments to high office in violation of the letter as well as the spirit of the Constitution;

Who secured the repeal of the Sherman law by promises made in his behalf, which he has refused utterly to fulfill;

Who vetoed the Democratic Seigniorage bill;

Who refused to sign the Democratic tariff bill, which his henchmen now claim has started the wheels of industry;

Who negotiated the secret bond dicker with the Rothschilds, at a cost of ten millions of dollars to the people;

Who sent an Assistant Secretary of the Treasury of this proud country to London to complete this humiliating bargain;

Who is even now carrying out in every detail the infamous programme outlined in the above quoted Associated Press dispatch;

Who does not rebuke the admission of his friends that they seek for him a third term—the precursor of Imperialism?

Democrats of North Carolina! Is it true that you will give your glad endorsement to such a man?

CURRENT COMMENT.

Lovers of North Carolina, read the "Interesting Statistics" reproduced elsewhere from the OBSERVER of June, 1864.

* * *

Commerce is the exchange of products. Money is the medium of exchange. The more commerce, the greater the prosperity. Therefore the more real money, the greater the prosperity.

* * *

Let the Democracy of North Carolina give even a qualified endorsement to the administration of Mr. Cleveland, and the Fusionists will sweep the State next year. Let the Democracy repudiate Mr. Cleveland, and the Fusionists will be swept from the State.

* * *

Goldbugs give pictures of the poverty of Mexicans. Mexico is a silver using country. But why not turn to India, where the people are less well off since the standard has been changed from silver to gold? Better still, turn to Africa. The African savages have neither silver nor gold—and get no wages!

* * *

From all accounts, the Cleveland-republican champion, that Goliath of goldbuggery, Mr. Horr, was completely laid out in his debate with the author of "Coin." No doubt Mr. Horr is a very able man, but his cause was bad and founded on corruption.

* * *

They make a great mistake who think that it is hard times only which incites the people to seek a revision of the money laws. A very great part of the impulse is derived from the sense of wrong which will stir, and should stir, any self-respecting people—the feeling, in the present case, that they have been cheated by the Administration by promises of supplemental silver legislation which, it is now plain, it never intended to fulfill.

* * *

It will be observed, from the accounts of the Missouri democratic convention, that Mr Bland is reported to have "stated deliberately that the time had come for the silver men to assume control of the party machinery and run it with a view to accomplish their end." Thereupon the convention, under his leadership, changed the whole character of the Executive Committee, by adding enough silver men to change its politics from goldbug to democratic. That is a suggestion of what should be done in North Carolina: We should replace General Ransom with a democrat at the earliest possible moment.

* * *

The "Summer School" at the University for the instruction of teachers, has this year been an even greater success than last year. 150 teachers were present, receiving the unique instruction which the School, with such surroundings, affords; attending the laboratories; devouring the splendid libraries, and drinking in the rich flavor of classicism, and feeling the inspiration of the saving grace of Carolinian patriotism, which those old walls and groves give off. All honor to Professor Alderman—to whom we believe the credit is due for its establsihment.

* * *

The obligations of hospitality do not require a host to entertain guests who make themselves offensive by usurping the conduct of his household, and who plot the subversion of his desires and the overthrow of his interests. The Ransomites have been running the democratic campaigns in North Carolina for some years. At last they wrecked the party. If they haven't a sense of propriety (to say nothing of ordinary decency) sufficient to suggest their turning over their leadership to the great democratic host who has so long tolerated them, they should be shown the door.

* * *

After the 1892 election, the Ransom machine claimed to have carried this State by 40,000. They did not point out that these figures represented 40,000 *plurality*, and that the democracy had really fallen into a minority of 14,000. No, they didn't do that. At the approach of the 1894 campaign, the OBSERVER warned the party that the populist machine was bound to fuse with the republicans, because the third party movement in the South was simply a republican device for breaking the Solid South; that, if the populist machine was able to carry their rank and file (including the recalcitrant democrats) into such a fusion, it required but a simple arithmetical calculation to show that we should be beaten; and that the populist rank and file and the recalcitrant democrats would return to the democracy only when it was purged of Ransomism. All this seemed to the OBSERVER as plain as day, and what we never have been able to understand is why nobody then agreed with us. We all, however, know the result, and our present purpose is merely to warn the democracy that whenever they find a newspaper (*which professes to be democratic*) declaring that the democracy in North Carolina is now in a majority, they may be sure that that newspaper is run by, or has the backing of, some of Mr. Cleveland's appointees or Committeeman Ransom's henchmen. The honest democrat will recognize the fact, and never lose sight of it, that we were badly beaten in the election of '94; that this was due to the cementing of fusion that resulted from the Ransom twist that was given to the democratic campaign on that fatal 20th of September in Raleigh; that fusion will continue in 1896; and that if we wish to reap the advantage in that year of fusion's bad legislative record this year, we must untwist the machinery of the party and set it violently to going in a very anti-Ransom direction. The slightest taint of Ransomism in the democracy's conduct of next year's campaign will be fatal to its prospects. [If any our new readers, by the way, wish to know what Ransomism is, we shall have pleasure, on demand, in reproducing a definition from our files.]

'TIS GOLD OR DEFEAT.

CLEVELAND'S FACTION WILL NOT HELP CARRY A SILVER STATE.

He Captures the Club Machinery.

National League of Democratic Clubs to be Used by Goldbugs—They are Going to Work Early—Every Effort is to be Made to Elect Delegates to the Next National Convention So a Goldbug May be Nominated.

Washington dispatch to Atlanta Constitution, Aug. 8.]

The length to which the administration proposes to go to crush the free silver sentiment in the democratic party seems to know no bounds. Chauncey F. Black, of Pennsylvania, president of the National League of Democratic Clubs, has been here for several days consulting with Lawrence Gardner, the secretary, and other administration democrats, and today the plot was exposed.

It is the purpose of the conspirators to make the league a vast organization for forcing the gold views of the administration. With this end in view the clubs all over the country will be urged, through the officers of the league and the local federal officials of influence, to use all their efforts and influence to back up the administration's position on the money question. The club organization is capable of effective work.

Where conventions are yet to be held the clubs are to exercise their influence to secure the indorsement of the administration and its money doctrines, and wherever state conventions have so indorsed Cleveland and gold they will be urged to offer every possible aid to the ticket.

But—and here the cloven foot of treachery shows beneath the mantle of democracy—where the free silver sentiment of the democracy has been suppressed and the conventions have voiced their antagonism to the administration's money policy, no such organized aid is to be furnished to secure the election of the ticket. In other words, whenever the democratic party in convention assembled does not coincide with the views of Mr. Cleveland, it is proposed to abandon it to its fate.

Here is where the wise will do well to keep their eyes on Mr. Cleveland's third-term aspirations.

In such states the work of the league will look to the future and prepare the way for the election of gold delegates to the national convention next year. The work of the plotters will begin at once, but there will be no meetings before next month. The first meeting will be on September 5th, at Lancaster, Pa. This is intended to be the first grand rally. Every club in the state is to be represented and democrats of national reputation who are advocates of the administration's gold policy are expected to be present. The meeting will be followed by others, beginning in the states where elections are to be held whose conventions have indorsed the administration, and extending on this line throughout the country, one following the other in order of the strength of the administration in the particular states. Such a scheme of factional treachery as this comprehensive endeavor to force the views of a faction of a party at the expense of disaster to its organization in other states, was probably never before conceived in American politics.

Gold or defeat is to be the slogan. The ultimate purpose is clear. Nothing national is at stake this year. Its object is to secure a preponderance of goldites at the next national democratic convention and then to create a platform which will demand the nomination of the author of the gold crusade.

"The Veiled Doctor."

Correspondence of the Observer.

Though not a voracious novel reader of the latter day kind, I have nevertheless just finished one of exceptional merit on line indicated. Let it be confessed that the name of the writer indneed perusal, still there is no denying ample compensation in the reading. The newspaper and magazine articles that appear only too rarely from the pen of the gifted "daughter of the Confederacy" and daughter of the South's loved and glorious chieftain, had prepared the reader to expect much in this her initial book, "The Veiled Doctor." It is but faint praise to add that anticipation has been far more than realized. A most unique conception has been evolved into a natural but exquisite development and clothed in language that would reflect high credit on a far more praetised hand.

Her hero is a gentle, kind hearted unpretentious country gentleman prone to benevolence and well suited to be the head of an ideal home. Yet underneath this calm exterior is a will of adamant, unbending to infringement on inherent manhood prerogative. In an ill advised hour he takes back to the humdrum life ahead a silly city butterfly with his newly acquired medical diploma. The altered surroundings but illy assorted to the taste of a frivolous young woman. Adulation had become a necessity of her being. Failing to find it in an undemonstrative, matter-of-fact husband, she courts it from kindred butterflies. Frivolity is carried to the point of criminality. The worthy man's marital good name is tarnished by the indendos of his neighbors, and his peace of mind forever blighted by the unhallowed touch of another's lips to her's. Thenceforth their lives though passed together for form's sake, were far apart. He could not condone a profanation that had even gone no further, and her young life was blasted by remorse, for in spite of her follies, she loves, honors and respects him above all others. The story carries a moral in these days of immoral stories, and for more reasons than one I could well wish it might be found in every self respecting household of this good land of our's. It's a warning to young matrons to confine their greed for compliment and admiration to the men of their plighted troth, or to expect soon or late to pay the smarting penalty of such disregard in a forfeited and sepu'ehred love.

It's truly gratifying to her hosts of friends and well-wishers, and their name is legion, to know that Miss Winnie's first essay at book-writing has met such high approval as the favorable criticisms of leading news papers and reviews throughout the land clearly indicate. We are likewise glad to know that she is soon to publish a series of papers on the home life, aneedotal and otherwise, of her immortal sire.

W. J. G.

CORRESPONDENCE.

RED SPRINGS, N. C., Aug. 13.

MR. EDITOR:—After a week of quiet Red Springs again presents a scene of bustle, confusion and hurrying to and fro. The Chatauqua opens this afternoon at 4 o'clock with an address of welcome by Rev. M. L. Kesler, pastor of the Baptist church here. A great many people have already come, and every train brings new ones. Fifty are expected from Raleigh to day. We are told that there will be 400 here who are especially interested in the chatauqua, and the question is, where to put them. The hospitality of the Red Springs people is open-handed and cordial, however, because most of its citizens are Scotch, and those who are not are just as pleasant to strangers as if their eyes first beheld the light of day among the Highlands of Scotland. But this is a divergence.

A number of Fayettevillians are sojourning at the Townsend. Among them we note Mrs. R. M. Nimocks and children, Mrs. John G. Shaw, Miss Maggie O'Hanlon, Mrs. Colin McRae and daughter, and others.

At a congregational meeting of the Presbyterian church last Sunday, two additional Elders were elected—Dr. L. D. Wharton and Mr. W. J. McLeod. The interior of the church has recently been remodeled, and they expect to dedicate it just before Synod.

The programme for the chautauqua is very attractive, and if it will rain, the Baptists will spend a pleasant week a Robeson's Saratoga.

Mrs. L. D. Wharton left last week for a visit to relatives near Greensboro.

The inimitable Henry Blount lectured at the tabernacle last night to a rather small crowd

Mrs. S. M. Rankin, who has been right sick for several weeks, is a great deal better. More anon.

SCOTCH LASSIE.

KENANSVILLE, Aug. 12, 1895.

Court adjourned Saturday evening. The attendance was full throughout the week. Many cases were disposed of, but on account of the unusual fullness of the docket the Judge was unable to get through with it all, in consequence of which a greater part of it will have to be carried over to next court.

Judge Graham is highly spoken of by the lawyers for his uniform courtesies and close attention to business. Very little, if any, time was lost.

Mr. E. F. Jones, of Wilmington, is here on a visit to his parents.

Mrs. Ned Sprunt, of Dillion, S. C., is visiting relatives in this place.

Miss Susie Farrior, who has been visiting friends and relatives here, returned to her home in Wilson on Friday.

Miss Carrie Archer left last Thursday to visit friends in Virginia.

Mr. Bob Wallace, with Springer & Co., of Wilmington, is here on a visit to his parents.

The protracted meeting which was to be conducted by Messrs. Peele and Bilbro, in the Baptist church of this place, has been postponed until next week, on account of not being able to secure the services of Mr. Peele this week.

Capt. W. L. Jones is here on a visit to his parents.

Miss Rossie Williams is visiting her sister, Mrs. Dr. Best, of Eureka, N. C.

Mr. W. L. Grimes has been confined to the house several days with billious fever.

Mrs. Kingsbury, daughter-in-law of the distinguished editor of Wilmington Messenger, is spending some time in our town.

Mr. Dan Moore, of S. C., formerly of this place, is visiting relatives here.

ENDON, August 12.

The weather is warm and dry; crops are looking well but needing rain.

Quewhiffle township is a head on fruit.

Messrs. Harrington & Biggs are cutting lumber rapidly with the plant they recently leased from Messrs. W. M. Blue & Co.

Mr. S. J. Cameron has recently become interested in the lumber business of W. M. Blue & Co., at Rockfish, on the A. & R. R. R.

Large shipments of lumber and spirits are made daily from this point. Our trains are making two trips per day, and then are behind in their freights.

Mr. L. A. Blue has built an addition to his all ready large dwelling, making it very roomy.

Mr. S. J. Cameron has recently painted his new dwelling.

A good many of our young people attended the Sunday School Convention at Shiloh Thursday, Friday and Saturday. It was a grand success.

Rev. D. Fairley held his regular services at Sandy Grove Sunday. His sermon was unusually good, and the attendance was large.

Things are lively about the mill of Bunoy and McPherson.

Drummers call on us every day in the week. They say it pays them to visit us.

We think we can add to the subscriptions for the new church when our farmers have realized on their large crops.

Misses Bell and Flora McNeill, of Richmond county, are visiting Miss Christian Cameron and the Misses Ray.

Mr. D. D. McDonald, of Carolina P. O., S. C., is visiting friends and relatives here. He reports fine crops in his section,

C. B. NEWBERRY.

GARLAND, August 12.

Miss Mary Faison, of Faison's, N. C., is visiting her aunt at Garland.

Miss Sadie Sloan, of Wilmington, is visiting Miss Kittie Cromartie.

The Baptist had an interesting meeting at Lisbon church last week, conducted by their pastor, Rev. Mr. Swain, who was assisted by Rev. Mr. Harrel. On Sunday Mr. John Oates delivered an entertaining Missionary lecture.

Rev. D. S. McAllister and Rev. J. D. Stanford are holding a protracted meeting at South River church.

Mr. L. P. Cromartie and wife have gone to Kelly's Cove to live. Mr. Cromartie has accepted a position in Mr. Allen's store at that place.

Mrs. Sam Hobbs, of Clinton, and Miss Mary Lawrence, of Scotland Neck, made a short visit at Garland this week, and went from there to Capt. Brady's in Bladen county.

The young people are looking forward to a pleasant time at the Temperance pic nic at White Lake, August 15

HOPE MILLS, Aug. 14, '95.

Last Saturday a large excursion was run from here to Wilmington. The proceeds are to be divided among the Sunday schools of this neighborhood.

Messrs. S. H. Cotton, T. Hamilton and N. T. Brown are at the coast, fishing.

The Hope Mills Manufacturing Company is erecting four new houses on Scotch street. Our little village is continually growing.

An effort is being made to have a bicycle track from this place to Fayetteville. It is hoped that the track will be completed by the 1st of September.

Messrs. Harrington & Biggs, at the Bluff, lost a kiln of lumber by fire on the 8th inst.—loss about $100.

Z. B. NEWTON.

CORNELIA, N. C., Aug. 12, 1895.

MR. EDITOR:—We are having uncomfortably warm weather, and have had ever since last Thursday.

The Sunday school Convention at Oak Ridge on the 8th inst., was a decided success. The vocal music was not as good as it should have been.

Our citizens should employ round note music teachers and learn to sing in tune and time.

Messrs. A. G. and A. J. Bain have returned home from visiting friends at Eaka, Columbus county, where they had a jolly good time fishing and enjoying the hospitality of the people in that vicinity.

Mr. D. T. R. McMillan and family have returned from visiting Mr. Whitney Royall and family near Clinton, N. C. They tell us crops are fine in the part of Sampson county through which they traveled.

Miss Lessie Royall is visiting her sister and family, Mrs. D. T. R. McMillan.

Miss Willsford, of Giles' Mills, N. C., is teaching school at Oak Ridge.

Mr. M. W. Royall, of Sampson, is teaching school at Geddie's.

Mr. J. O. Williams is at home afflicted with carbuncle, but is getting better.

Mr. G. A. McDonald, postmaster at Wade, N. C., died August 9th, 1895. The burial and funeral of Mr. McDonald at the Bluff, was attended by a large concourse of people. Mr. McDonald leaves a widow and large family of children.

D. D. BAIN.

Interesting Statistics.

[From the Observer, June 20, 1864.]

The facts stated in the following correspondence will be of interest to every North Carolinian:

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., June 18, 1864.

Messrs. E. J. Hale & Sons: I enclose to you for publication, two letters, containing statistical information, which should, at least, be interesting to North Carolinians.

The substance of these letters was embodied in remarks by me in the House of Representatives at its session just concluded.

Very respectfully, your obd't servant,

THOS. C. FULLER.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT NORTH CAROLINA, OFFICE ROLL OF HONOR, RALEIGH, May 31st, 1864.

Hon. Thos. C. Fuller, Richmond, Va: Dear Sir: Yours of the 12th inst, is to hand. In my absence from the office, the delay in answering is accounted for. I hope however, it is not too late to comply with your request. The number of Volunteers from N. C. according to our books is eighty-eight thousand, one hundred and forty-seven (88,147), the number of Conscripts 14,460,—grand total 102,607, which the State has furnished, up to about the 1st March, 1864, in the army of the Confederate States. There are but few now in the State service, as most all have been turned over. As to the losses, we can only approximate to anything like a correct statement. The returns have been made from all the Regiments, but the labor is so great they have not been all recorded on our books. But a probable estimate of the losses can be found by taking a number of Regiments and making an average, which we have done and find that it would be safe to say that our loss in killed, died and discharged for disability will reach at least forty per cent. of the whole. Our list of killed and those who have died from wounds and diseases is indeed great, but I am not prepared to give the figures and I have made no estimate since the beginning of the year. Many regiments have lost from 6 to 800 and our books will show, when completed, our entire loss and from what cause. The number of Regiments furnished by this State full and complete is seventy (70), and about 14 Battalions and some unattached companies, which would make in all about 80 Regiments. A number of these Regiments have had as high as 1700 men. The 17 year old Boys have all been sent into Camp recently and the Old Men from 45 to 50 from several of the Eastern Counties, by Gen. Holmes. Hoping that this may serve your purpose, though not as satisfactory as I wish,

I am, sir, very respectfully, yours,

JAMES H. FOOTE, Maj. & A. A. Gen'l.

QUARTER MASTER'S DEP'T, STATE OF N. C., RALEIGH, May 23, 1864.

Hon. Thos. C. Fuller: Dear Sir: In reply to your communication of the 12th, which has just reached me, I herewith enclose statement showing approximate estimate of Clothing, Camp and Garrison Equipage furnished by the State of North Carolina to the Confederate States, from the 1st of Sept. 1861 to March 31, 1864.

Besides the enclosed list, there has been a large quantity of shoes, tents, tent flies cooking utensils, knaysacks, saddles, harness, &c., contracted for and furnished through Maj. Pierce, C. S. Q. M. The State has also furnished to the Confederate Navy 10,000 yds. Woolen Jeans and a few hundred suits of Clothing; and in addition to this several thousand suits, including shoes, blankets, &c to the troops in State service exclusively. And I will further mention, that she has furnished each of her officers in Confederate and State service with a uniform of English Army Cloth,

Very respectfully,

H. A. DOWD, Maj & Q. M., per J. W. GARRETT, A. Q. M.

List of Clothing, Camp and Garrison Equipage, furnished by the State of North Carolina to the Confederate States, from Sept. 1, 1861, to March 31, 1864, and delivered to Maj. W. Peirce, Quartermaster, A. C. S. A., at Raleigh:

13,045 Hats,	6,217 Mess Pans,
131,258 Caps,	8 1 Hatchets,
35,947 Coats,	3,252 Axes,
209,116 Jackets,	2,245 Axe Helves,
17,054 Overcoats,	2,566 Pick Axes,
237,874 Pants,	1,808 Pick Axe Helves,
279,174 Drawers,	4,473 Tents,
667 Wool ditto,	149 Officers' Tents,
261,132 Shirts,	148 Hospital ditto,
12,303 Under Shirts,	32,850 lbs Nails,
176,567 Prs Socks,	2,016 lbs. Castings
62,670 Blankets,	2,23: Spades & Shovels
4,631 Boots,	103 Pots and Ovens.
112,333 Prs Shoes,	144 Buckets,
1,625 Ponchos,	235 Drums,
642 Guard Caps,	114 Fifes,
26,946 Knapsacks,	67 Flags,
7,277 Knapsack Straps,	731 Tent Flies,
26,648 Canteens,	58,577 lbs. Leather,
27,814 Canteen Straps,	1,520 lbs. Hoop Iron,
7,976 lbs. Wool,	1,481 Tent Poles,
36,329 Haversacks,	111,500 Tent Pins,
600 Havelocks,	16,112 Yds. Tent Cloth,
6,275 Camp Kettles,	1,728 Hides.

Mr. Shaw at New Berne.

New Berne Journal, 4th.]

A cordial hearty address of welcome was eloquently delivered by our townsman Mr. W. W. Clark. It was ably responded to by Hon. John G. Shaw, Congressman of this district. Mr. Shaw eulogized the firemen and their valuable services in fine style and spoke of the contests at their tournaments as not being mere sportive pastimes and common races, but as tests of skill in important work that led on to greater proficiency. Mr. Shaw also complimented the warm-hearted hospitable citizens of New Berne.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Congressman Shaw at Washington.

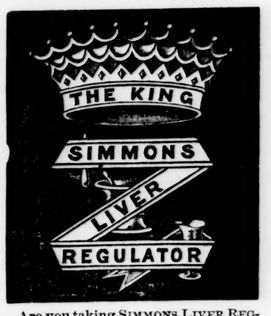
Said the Washington correspondent of the Charlotte Observer, some days ago:

Representative John G. Shaw arrived this morning from Fayetteville and left for the same place this afternoon. While here he transacted some official business of his contest, the printed evidence in which he takes home with him. He expresses entire confidence if he is given judicial consideration by the committee on elections. Silver is predominant, Mr. Shaw says, in North Carolina Democratic opinion. He thinks the delegation to the national convention will be for free coinage. Four fifths of the third district Democrats and seven tenths of the Fayetteville Democrats are for it. He says it is clear that the Populists and Republicans will fuse next year, but he expects some accessions from the Populist ranks. He looks for Democratic gains, however, chiefly from those Democrats who did not vote last year. He thinks that fusion will gain nothing but will lose some of its recent strength. As Mr. Shaw's district was so lately a Populist stronghold I have considered it important to state those carefully expressed views.

Buckler's Arnica Salve

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box.

For sale by B. E. Sedberry & Son, Fayetteville, N. C.



Are you taking SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR, the "KING OF LIVER MEDICINES?" That is what our readers want, and nothing but that. It is the same old friend to which the old folks pinned their faith and were never disappointed. But another good recommendation for it is, that it is BETTER THAN PILLS, never gripes, never weakens, but works in such an easy and natural way, just like nature itself, that relief comes quick and sure, and one feels new all over. It never fails. Everybody needs take a liver remedy, and everyone should take only Simmons Liver Regulator.

Be sure you get it. The Red Z is on the wrapper. J. H. Zeilin & Co., Philadelphia.

A Strong Fortification.

Fortify the body against disease by Tutt's Liver Pills, an absolute cure for sick headache, dyspepsia, sour stomach, malaria, constipation, jaundice, biliousness and all kindred troubles.

"The Fly-Wheel of Life."

Dr. Tutt; Your Liver Pills are the fly-wheel of life. I shall ever be grateful for the accident that brought them to my notice. I feel as if I had a new lease of life.

J. Fairleigh, Platte Cannon, Col.

Tutt's Liver Pills

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Swan's Down, Zeb. Vance

—AND—

Sweet-Water Valley Flour.

FRESH BOLTED MEAL.
SWIFT'S ORIOLE BRAND HAMS and PICNIC BREAKFAST STRIPS.
VERMONT CREAMERY AND GILT-EDGE CREAMERY BUTTER.
CANNED GOODS.
PLAIN AND FANCY CANDY.
CRACKERS. CHEESE.
FRUIT. BROOMS.
BASKETS, &c.

C. W. ELLIOTT & CO.

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York, Wilmington, N. C.

—AND—

Georgetown, S. C., Lines.

FROM PIER 29, EAST RIVER, NEW YORK, Located bet. Chambers and Roosevelt Sts., At 3 o'clock P. M

NEW YORK FOR WILMINGTON
GEO. W. CLYDE.....Saturday, Aug. 17
CROATAN.....Saturday, Aug. 24

WILMINGTON FOR NEW YORK.
CROATAN.....Saturday, Aug. 17
GEO. W. CLYDE.....Saturday, Aug. 24

WILMINGTON FOR GEORGETOWN, S. C.
CROATAN.....Tuesday, July 13
GEO. W. CLYDE.....Tuesday, Aug. 20

Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight or Passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Superintendent, Wilmington, N. C.

THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
W. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, 5 Bowling Green, N. Y

THE ÆTNA

Is the Strongest American Fire Insurance Co.

Has been doing business continuously since 1819.

Her Reputation is the best to-day.
Over Ten Million Dollars Assets.
Take out a policy on your property.

B. R. HUSKE, Agent.

A GOOD BUSINESS COLLEGE.

The Southern Business College at Asheville, N. C., the mountain city, is now one of the well established schools of which our State can well be proud. There is now no more need for our young men to go to other States for a Business education than for a University or a College education. It is fast becoming the Poughkeepsie of the New South, has already had students from 15 States and its graduates are filling responsible positions.—*Advt*

For more than a hundred years the Shakers have been studying the remedial properties of plants. They have made many discoveries, but their greatest achievement was made last year. It is a cordial that contains already digested food and is a digester of food. It is effective in removing distress after eating, and creates an appetite for more food so that eating becomes a pleasure. Pale, thin people become plump and healthy under its use. It arrests the wasting of consumption.

There never has been such a step forward in the cure of indigestion as this Shaker Cordial. Your druggist will be glad to give you a little book descriptive of the product.

Give the babies LAXOL, which is Castor Oil made as palatable as Honey.

Guaranteed Cure.

We authorize our advertised druggist to sell Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, upon this condition: If you are afflicted with a Cough, Cold or any Lung, Throat or Chest trouble, and will use this remedy as directed, giving it a fair trial, and experience no benefit, you may return the bottle and have your money refunded. We could not make this offer did we not know that Dr. King's New Discovery could be relied on. It never disappoints. Trial bottles free at B. E. Sedberry & Son's Drug Store. Large size 50c. and $1.00.

A Leader.

Since its first introduction, Electric Bitters has gained rapidly in popular favor, until now it is clearly in the lead among pure medicinal tonics and alteratives—containg nothing which permits its use as a beverage or intoxicant, it is recognized as the best and purest medicine for all ailments of Stomach, Liver or Kidneys. It will cure Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation and drive Malaria from the system. Satisfaction guaranteed with each bottle or the money will be refunded. Sold by B. E. Sedberry & Son.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

PETER HENDERSON'S TURNIP SEEDS have taken the lead and will hold it. They never disappoint. For sale by

H. R. HORNE.

"ANTI SKEET" TABLETS FOR DESTROYING Mosquitoes, Moths, etc., in a pleasant and harmless aroma. 10c. a box at McDUFFIE'S DRUG STORE.

The INDUSTRIA CUBANA, a genuine Cuban hand-made Key West, unflavored, long Havana filled, 5 cent cigar. Also my usual line of choice brands, including "After Hours," "Saborosa," Straiton & Storms' "Principe," Traylor's "Conqueror," "Little Solon Shingle," etc., etc. For sale by H. R. HORNE.

The Only

Great and thoroughly reliable building-up medicine, nerve tonic, vitalizer and

Blood Purifier

Before the people today, and which stands preeminently above all other medicines, is

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla

It has won its hold upon the hearts of the people by its own absolute intrinsic merit. It is not what we say, but what Hood's Sarsaparilla does that tells the story:—

Hood's Cures

Even when all other preparations and prescriptions fail.

"I had running sores on one of my limbs for a long time. I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla and now they are nearly well. I have gained in strength and flesh and feel thankful that there is such a wonderful medicine as Hood's Sarsaparilla." JOHN WELLMAN, Erie, West Virginia.

Get HOOD'S

Hood's Pills are the best family cathartic. All druggists. 25c.

Papers for Sale.

Old papers for sale at the OBSERVER OFFICE at 20 cents per hundred.

H. H. H.

WE HAVE COMPLETED TAKING

INVENTORY OF STOCK,

and have made out quite a list of goods that we are offering at

EXTREMELY LOW PRICES.

We must close out these goods to make room

For Fall Purchases.

We will be glad to furnish a list of these goods to parties in want of anything in our line. In many instances these goods are

Offered at Less than Cost.

—THEY MUST GO.—

We will be glad to send these lists by mail to any one wanting them.

Huske Hardware House.

A. E. RANKIN & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

—AND DEALERS IN—

Plows, Harrows, Cultivators and all kinds of Agricultural Implements and Castings and Steel Shapes for the same.

IF YOU WANT ANY LEATHER GOODS SUCH AS

Buggy Harness, Wagon Harness, Plow Gear, Bridles and Collars,

do not fail to examine our stock—we have the very best goods at panic prices. We can furnish you with any part of Harness at half the price that it will cost you to have it made.

—IT IS JUST AS WE TOLD YOU TWO YEARS AGO IT WOULD BE—

"ALBEMARLE" FLOUR

has a great deal the largest sale of any Patent Flour sold in Fayetteville, quality and price combined will tell.

FERTILIZERS.

We have in stock quite a number of the oldest and most reliable Brands and several new Brands which we offer at popular prices. We offer special inducements to car load buyers.

A. E. RANKIN & CO.

NIMOCKS & COOK,

INSURANCE.

WALTER WATSON.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

HEADQUARTERS FOR

IRON, STEEL, NAILS, HORSE AND MULE SHOES, AND HORSE SHOE NAILS.
GRINDSTONES AND FIXTURES,
ROPES AND TWINES, PUMPS AND PUMP FITTINGS.
SAW MILL AND GINNERS' SUPPLIES, MACHINE AND CARRIAGE BOLTS.
WELL BUCKETS AND CHAINS, WAGON, CART AND CARRIAGE MATERIALS
RUBBER AND LEATHER BELTINGS, PLOWS AND PLOW CASTINGS.

SECOND HAND GINS AND PRESSES FOR SALE CHEAP,

AND ALL SHELF HARDWARE USUALLY FOUND IN A FIRST-CLASS

HARDWARE STORE.

Guns, Rifles and Pistols a Specialty.

MY SHOPS ARE ALWAYS OPEN FOR REPAIRING

Guns, Pistols, Locks, &c., &c.

WALTER WATSON.

Write for Catalogue of Guns, Pistols, &c.

THE OBSERVER.

THURSDAY.....AUGUST 15, 1895.

E. J. HALE, Jr., General Business Manager.

FAYETTEVILLE N. C.

The Editor of this paper will in no wise be responsible for the views expressed by correspondents.

Contracts for advertising for any space or time may be made at the office of the OBSERVER, or by correspondence.

Notices of church and society and all other entertainments from which revenue is to be derived will be charged for at the rate of five cents a lined.

The sum of not less than five cents per line will be charged for "cards of thanks," "resolutions of respect" and obituary poetry, also for obituary notices other than those which the editor himself considers a matter of news.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

T. J. MAINOR—Notice.
SOL. BEAR—L. D. D. and G. G.
A. S. FARQUAR CO.—Lumber Wanted.
DR. MILES' NERVINE—From LaGrippe—4th page.

There are twelve prisoners in the county jail, two for larceny, one for murder and 9 serving sentences.

The Chautauqua, or Baptist Sunday School Convention, convened at Red Springs Tuesday. About 400 delegates are attending, besides hundreds of interested visitors. We will give a full account of the meeting next week.

Mr. J. N. Starr, whose ordination was to have taken place yesterday, but was postponed on account of the inability of the Bishop to be present, will be ordained next Wednesday morning in St. John's church.

Members of the N. C. Board of Dental Examiners.

Dr. V. E. Turner, Raleigh; Dr. S. P. Hilliard, Rocky Mount; Dr. J. E. Matthews, Wilmington; Dr. J. W. Hunter, Salem; Dr. E. L. Hunter, Fayetteville, and Dr. J. F. Griffith, Salisbury.

Notice to Contributors.

The editorial staff of the forthcoming Women's Edition of the OBSERVER request us to ask all ladies of Fayetteville and Cumberland county who are willing to contribute original articles to said edition to have them prepared by the 25th inst., and to inform the staff at once of the subjects of their articles.

Buy No Others.

All persons are hereby cautioned against buying copies of the OBSERVER offered for sale on the streets unless, in every case, the words "For Transient Sale" are stamped on the margin of the paper. Should a newsboy or carrier offer for sale a copy of the OBSERVER not stamped, he should be promptly reported at this office.

Capt. J. J. Bernard, of Raleigh, last week presented Mr. W. D. Gaster with a handsome cane made by a penitentiary convict. The stick is of ebony and the handle is orange, beautifully mounted with silver. Mr. Bernard, who is a great Odd Fellow, presents the cane to Mr. Gaster in appreciation of his great services to the order.

Antonia.

An anonymous correspondent, whose communication is dated "Antonia, N. C., July 30th," and who probably reads some one else's OBSERVER, is informed that we have neither heard of, nor seen in a newspaper, an account of the matter he refers to. If, however, he will send his name, not for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith, and give an account of the enterprises he alludes to, we will be delighted to publish it.

A Fayetteville Girl Wants a Husband.

An advertisement has been appearing recently in a Chicago paper which is a sad reflection on the young men of this vicinity. A young lady who describes herself as a pretty blonde, 20 years old and nice looking, advertises for a husband. All communications are to be addressed, L. B., 15, Fayetteville, N. C. Chicago boys will no doubt respond liberally.

Sad Death.

That was a sad death—of little Archie Deming Kennedy—which occurred yesterday at the residence of his father, Mr. Edward H. Kennedy.

The little fellow was the grandson of our esteemed friend, Capt. Charles Kennedy, foreman of the OBSERVER office, who with the parents and all his family have our sincere sympathy. The child was unusually bright and attractive, aged 18 mos. and 10 days. The funeral will take place at 5 o'clock this afternoon from the residence on Moore street.

Fayetteville will soon have as fine a gun club as any in the State. In a few days about twenty or twenty-five of our best shots will meet and organize. It is proposed to have five electric traps placed in the Fair Grounds and there once a week the members will meet and compete for prizes. There will also be one great annual shoot open to all clubs. This event will bring numerous crack sports and other visitors from all parts of the country, and will prove highly interesting. Success to the Gun Club, whatever its name may be.

Important Claim Suits.

Mr. J. F. Dortch, of Goldsboro, representing the United States, and Mr. H. L. Cook, of this city, representing the claimants, commenced, Friday, taking evidence before J. C. Thompson, Jr., and A. H. Smith, Notaries Public, in the cases of B. A. Smith, admr. of Daniel L. Smith, Alexander Haggard, admr. of Susan Thaggard, Neill McCormick, admx. of Duncan McCormick, Malcolm McArthur, and Neill Parker, all suing the Government for property destroyed during the war. These cases have been pending in the Court of Claims for some time, and the taking of evidence now is for the purpose of finding out whether the claimants were loyal to the Federal Government at the time their property was destroyed. The amount involved in all the cases is about $5,000. Evidence in other cases will be taken for 20 and 30 days.

Mr. Charles Bidgood has returned from a business visit to Lillington.

Death of Mr. W. F. Smith.

The Waco, Texas, Morning News, of July 28th, brings the sad intelligence of the death that morning of Mr. W. F. Smith, at his home, No. 1925 Washington Street, in that city, after a lingering illness, at the age of 35 years. His death was the result of typhoid fever.

The News says:

Deceased was a prominent merchant of this city and a respected citizen; his death was the result of typhoid fever.

A wife and one child are left to mourn the loss of a devoted husband and a loving father. Mr. Smith was the son-in-law of R. H. Gray, with whom he was associated in business. Rev's S. A. King and B. H. Carroll will conduct the funeral services.

Prof. Alex. Graham at Chapel Hill.

Fayetteville's old friend, Aleck Graham, continues to win laurels with the passing of the years. As our town readers know, he is Superintendent of the Charlotte Schools, but he is always finding time to do something else—usually for the glory and advantage of North Carolina. In the University "Summer School" at Chapel Hill, he taught the branch of Physiology, Grammar and Rhetoric. He also delivered there a lecture on his favorite theme, the Mecklenburg Declaration of Independence. Of this the Charlotte Observer says:

"Prof. Alex Graham scored a hit for the Mecklenburg Declaration at the University Summer School. His logic convinced everybody, and many were heard to say it was the best lecture of the series."

And of his general work at the Summer School, the same paper's Chapel Hill correspondent says:

"The laurels won by Prof. Graham last summer are greener than ever. His work was extremely well done, and many were the expressions of praise heard in his behalf. Besides this, his happy faculty of meeting and knowing everybody, coupled with his genial humor, have conspired to make him a general social favorite."

All of which is very gratifying to the people of Fayetteville and Cumberland.

A Desperate Criminal Escapes Arrest.

Sunday morning a little after day as night policeman Buckingham, who had just been relieved of duty, was going to his home in Campbellton, a colored man ran out of a house firing a pistol at another colored man who was pursuing him. Mr. Buckingham stopped the pursuer and told him to consider himself under arrest, when the other man advanced, reloading his revolver, and threatening the officer. Mr. Buckingham grabbed him by the collar when the negro jerked away and ran. The man under arrest told the policeman that the escaping man was Alex. Gilmore, an outlaw and a desperate character. Mr. Buckingham, who had left his pistol at headquarters, turned the negro over to some one standing by, and after some difficulty borrowed a revolver and set out in pursuit. He ran the man through swamps and 'cross field for over a mile but finally lost him. It is said that Gilmore is outlawed in South Carolina, and that a reward of two hundred dollars is offered for his capture. Policeman Buckingham says that if he had known of this a little sooner nothing but death could have parted them. Gilmore, we understand, is still lurking around on the outskirts of the city.

"An Embarras ment of Riches."

Surely Providence has blessed us this year in the generous profusion of every kind of fruit and vegetable. From Liberty Point to the foot of Haymount the housekeeper will find, every ten steps, all that is requisite to furnish the table or tempt the palate—and at very reasonable prices. An immense quantity of stuff, compared with what we have ever before brought out, has been shipped to Northern markets; and only yesterday morning the reporter passed a car on the siding of the Atlantic Coast Line R. R., around which were grouped half a dozen one and two-horse wagons, all dumping in watermelons. This, which has been going on for some time, is over and above the daily shipments from the regular truckers. We have largely to thank the energy and enterprise of Mr. A. S. Huske for the increase of the business this season.

But we fear that the very abundance of stuff has militated against good prices. The year's labor, however, has not been without its compensation, outside of the profit in money. It proves that we have become competitors in the truck markets of the world, that we have the soil and climate adapted to the business, and the intelligent and industrious men to utilize these advantages—and in this last respect we are much indebted to the experience and example of the Messrs. Fitzell, whom we class among our most valued citizens.

For and Against Cheap Preachers.

The speeches of our townsmen, Rev. A. J. McKelway and Dr. J. W. McNeill and of our esteemed countymen, Messrs. McGill and McLauchlin, during the discussion at the Elders' and Deacons' Institute, as to the feasibility of cheaper preachers, were all excellent. Dr. McNeill made a strong plea for cheaper preachers. The Red Springs Citizen says:

The last day's proceedings of the Institute was one of the most interesting of the entire session, and perhaps the very best feature of the day was the discussion by several laymen on the question of lowering the standard of admission into the ministry. Dr. J. W. McNeill led in the discussion and his speech was as full of sound common sense as an egg is full of meat. Dr. Munroe, of Davidson College, replied, and Mr. A. D. McGill, chairman, Mr. Jno. W. McLauchlin and Mr. D. P. McEachern also took a hand in the debate. Dr. Richards, of South Carolina, and Rev. A. J. McKelway participated, making excellent speeches, of course. The main argument advanced in favor of the change in the standard was that in order to reach the masses men of less culture were needed. Cheaper men who would go into the highways and hedges and compel them to come in; $300 preachers, as one speaker expressed it, is the crying need of the Presbyterian church to-day.

On the other side the argument was advanced that if trained men were necessary in other callings in life how much more in the divine calling where the souls instead of the bodies of men are involved.

Deputy W. W. Autry took two crazy people to the Asylum last week: A. A. McKinnon, of Cumberland Mills, and Louisa Reefus, a colored woman of this city.

The Vance Monument Fund.

We are informed by Mrs. Neill W. Ray that she has in bank one hundred and twenty dollars ($120), received from subscriptions for the Vance Monument Fund made to her in response to her personal efforts; that she has recently received from Dr. R. H. Battle, Secretary of the State Vance Monument Association, a letter requesting that hers and the other Cumberland contributions be sent in now, for the sake of the effect which their public acknowledgement, along with that of the contributions from the other counties, will have in stimulating the present renewed efforts to complete the $10,000 required; and that it is her purpose to withdraw her collections from the bank, and to remit them at once to Dr. Battle.

In view of these things, we would suggest that all the parties in this county who have taken up like subscriptions, remit the amounts collected to Dr. Battle without delay; at the same time reporting to us, for publication in next week's OBSERVER, the names of the contributors, so that they may be published at the same time with Mrs. Ray's list, and that Cumberland may get due credit for its liberal contributions.

Uphold It By All Means.

The canvassing committee are approaching our citizens this week for such subscriptions as will justify them in making arrangements to hold the regular county fair in November.

There was never a time when it was more expedient and desirable to meet this appeal for aid generously and with public spirit. Nature has been lavish of her bounties this year; orchard and garden, field and farm, are rich in the treasures of her generous bosom; and it would be very unfortunate to fail in the fair at the very time that the exhibition would be so creditable to the efforts and enterprise of the farmer. Then, too, we have no seething cauldron of a county political campaign to unduly stir the feelings—let us have a pleasant reunion, where we may give and take the hand of friendship, reminding one another that we are brethren of the same soil and lineage, here in "the house of our fathers" to stay.

There is still another quite important view of this matter of a county fair. It affects our interests as a community, irrespective of the exhibition and its premiums. To allow the Cumberland fair—for forty years known of all men as one of the best county expositions in the State and the annual rallying-ground of a large and populous section—to fall into Mr. Cleveland's "innocuous desuetude" would be the entering wedge to the disruption of a large following, and the loosening of the ties that bind to this commercial centre a very valuable *clientele*.

Mrs. Anne W. MacRae Passes Away.

At her residence on Rowan street in this city, on the morning of the 10th inst., Mrs. Anne W. MacRae departed this life in the 90th year of her age.

As Miss Anne S. Wingate, born in Wilmington March 13, 1806, at the age of 24 she was united in marriage to the late Maj. Duncan G. MacRae, whom she survived about 6 years, and was a resident of this community for far more than an average lifetime.

A member of the Protestant Episcopal Church and of St. John's parish in this city from early womanhood, Mrs. MacRae exemplified her faith in her daily walk, in the large circle of her friends and about the hearthstone of her home—that sweet and beautiful faith of her Saviour, full of the incense of charity, love and good works. Her long life was not unclouded by sorrow; death came and passed her by, leaving its wound, however, in her tender heart; but the touch of God's hand only strengthened her soul, and made to beam more brightly the sunshine of her nature, on into the evening of a peaceful old age. She left three daughters—Mrs. John A. Pemberton, Mrs. T. D. Haigh and Miss Anne MacRae—prominent in the society of Fayetteville, to whom our heartfelt sympathies are tendered.

The funeral services took place from St. John's church on Sunday afternoon at 6 o'clock, Rev. Dr. J. C. Huske officiating, with the following acting as pall bearers: Honorary—Hon. W. J. Green, Col. J. B. Starr; active—Col. C. W. Broadfoot, Capts. J. K. Kyle, A. B. Williams, and D. H. Ray, and Messrs H. R. Horne and R. McMillan.

Vann—Godfrey.

Our young friend and former townsman, Mr. F. A. Vann, now a prosperous merchant of Greenville, Tennessee, was recently married in that city to Miss Julia Godfrey, one of Greenville's most estimable young ladies. The following clipping, describing the event, is taken from the Greenville News:

"One of the happiest and most interesting marriages of the year occurred at the Grand Central Hotel Sunday evening at half past nine, when F. A. Vann and Miss Julia Godfrey were made man and wife. Only a few special friends knew of the event, and to those outside the charmed circle it was a surprise, though rumors of the marriage have been rife for some time. Rev. Glover, of the C. P. church, performed the ceremony, thus consummating one of the longest courtships known in the social history of the town. It was a courtship over which the shadow of more than one sorrow fell, but now all clouds have cleared away; and bathed in the splendors of mutual love and hope and happiness, they go across the changing years of life in a companionship which shall endure even beyond the "golden gates of evening" in the land where no darkened shadows come.

"Miss Godfrey is the daughter of our late lamented townsman, Col. W. A. Godfrey, who was the genial proprietor of the Grand Central Hotel, until his death, which occurred in August, '93. Since that time Miss Godfrey and her mother have conducted the hotel in a manner most satisfactory to the traveling public. It is safe to say that no young lady is more admired for her sweet, womanly qualities than is Miss Godfrey, and her friends are all who know her.

"Mr. Vann is a North Carolinian by birth, but for several years has claimed Greenville as his home. He is a young man of highest business and moral integrity, on whom fortune has smiled, being one of our strongest merchants and otherwise interested in business channels here.

"In wishing that the years for them may overflow with golden days, we express the cordial sentiments of our townspeople."

Mr. Vann is a brother of the wife of our esteemed townsman, Mr. E. E. Howell, to whom he paid a visit, last Autumn, at their residence on Rowan street.

The OBSERVER extends congratulations to the young couple, and wishes them abundant happiness.

People and their Movements.

Major George H. Haigh is in the city this week.

Mr. J. B. Makepeace, of Sanford, was in the city Monday.

Mr. A. J. Cook, has returned from a business trip South.

Rev. A. J. McKelway went down to Red Springs Monday.

Mr. C. W. Worth and family of Wilmington, were in the city last week.

Ex-Solicitor Frank McNeill was a most welcome visitor in the city Monday.

Miss Fannie Hardin, of Greensboro, is visiting Miss Alice Hawley on Green street.

Mrs. B. F. Hamer, of Bennettsville, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. A. V. Maultsby.

Mr. F. D. Smith, of Raleigh, Editor of the Lodge Weekly, was in the city Tuesday.

Miss Emily Kenan left yesterday for Morganton, to visit her friend, Miss Annie Erwin.

Mrs. Kennedy, of Baltimore, is visiting her sister, Mrs. A. S. Huske, on Dick Street.

Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Kyle left Friday for New York, where they will spand a month or two.

Mr. A. W. McAllister, the popular insurance man of Greensboro, was in the city Tuesday.

Mr. Paul Smith, who has been surveying for the A. C. L. in South Carolina, is at home again.

J. C. Birdsong secretary of the Chautauqua Association, paid this office a pleasant visit Saturday.

Miss Sarah Ann Tillinghast, of Raleigh, is visiting her brother, Mr. William Tillinghast, on Haymount.

Miss Nellie Cook, Principal of the Union School, Wilmington, is visiting her mother, Mrs. Cook on Hay street.

Mr. W. K. Parker, of Cumberland, was called to Warrenton Saturday on account of the illness of his child.

We are glad to see that Mr. F. R. Rose, whose illness has caused so much anxiety, is strong enough to attend to business again.

Misses Maud and Florence Denton, have returned to their home in Raleigh after spending sometime in our city, the guests of Mr. J. A. Burns on Gillespie Street.

Mr. D. M. Campbell, of Shannon, made the OBSERVER a pleasant call yesterday. He is doing a large turpentine business there.

Master Ambrose Williams has returned from Mt. Airy where he has been with his grandfather, the venerable Mr. J. D. Williams. He says he left Mr. Williams in fine health.

Mr. W. S. McCaskill, of Perry, Iowa, formerly of Cumberland county, is visiting his parents, Mr. McCaskill is a locomotive engineer on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway.

Our Boys at Newbern.

Our firemen all returned from the association meeting at Newbern on Saturday last, and from the glowing and enthusiatic account given by them of their trip, they surely must have had a splendid time. They are loud in their praises of the Newbern people, the firemen especially, to whom they are under many obligations for courtesies received. While they do not return bringing prizes, still the record they made under the circumstances, is indeed most praiseworthy and one to be proud of. The team entered three of the Tournament Races. In the 150 yard race, the team that held the championship last year, only beat them by one-half second; and the team that holds the belt this year by three-fourths of a second. The time of the three being 34¼, 34½ and 35; and when the fact is considered, that our team lost several seconds at the hydiant, owing to an unfortunate accident to our buttman who makes the coupling, it will be seen that had they met with no trouble, as was the case with the others, that they would have easily been the winners. In the next race, the Newbern team, which now holds the belt, won 1st place by 3-10 of a second over our boys, who were awarded 2nd place—time 27 4 5 and 27½.

In the championship race there were only two entries, and we lost by 3¾ seconds; one of our best runners giving out in the run and delaying the team several seconds. When the facts are considered, that our boys were young and totally inexperienced in tournament racing, this being the first time that any of them had ever even seen a race, some of them barely 15 years old, and that they were racing against the picked firemen of the State, then indeed is their record a most satisfactory one to their friends at home. They propose to keep their tournament organization up, and try again next year to bring the belt to Fayetteville.

The meeting of the association was well attended, nearly all of the towns and cities being represented. Its deliberations were very entertaining, instructive and interesting. Our Chief was again unanimously elected President of the Association for another year. This annual gathering of volunteer firemen of the State, is an occasion of more interest than any other of our State meetings, and should be fostered and encouraged by all good citizens, Mayors Cook, of this city, Fishblate, of Wilmington, Wilson, of Greensboro, and Ellis, of Newbern, were all present and made addresses to the boys, assuring them of their hearty co-operation in everything that tends to improve the fire service in our State.

The display of fire department supplies, life-saving apparatus, and fire alarm systems and devices, was full and instructive, and the exhibitor is always ready to fully explain to every enquirer the merits of his wares. In this way many chiefs and firemen see and become acquainted with valuable ideas that otherwise they would be ignorant of.

The next meeting of the association will be held in Salisbury, Chief McNeill thinks that he will be able to bring the 1897 meeting to Fayetteville. Should he do so, we bespeak for him the cordial support of our people, in giving the boys a regular *Fayetteville good time*. The display of apparatus, the wonderful efficiency and personnel of the men, will be a revelation to most of our people, and will certainly result in a marked improvement in our own service.

Ex-Senator Williams.

In our notice last week, of the Governor's appointments, the name of our esteemed ex Senator, W. L. Williams, Esq., appointed a delegate to the Southern Immigration Parliament, was omitted by mistake.

Messrs. E. L. Remsburg and Edna Sheetz are furnishing music during the meeting of the Chautauqua. It will be a treat to those who have never heard these fine musicians.

Johnson's Oriental Soap is far superior to all other so-called medicinal soaps for cleansing the skin and beautifying the complexion. Two large cakes, 25 cts. For sale by King Bros., Fayetteville, N. C.

It will astonish you how quickly Johnson's Magnetic Oil will kill all internal aches and pains for man and beast. $1.00 size, 50 cts.; 50 cent size, 25 cts. For sale by King Bros., Fayetteville, N. C.

Mr. Natanael Mortonson, a well-known citizen of Ishpeming, Mich., and editor *Superior Posten*, who, for a long time, suffered from the most excruciating pains of rheumatism, was cured, eight years ago, by taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla, having never felt a twinge of it since.

Could Not Eat or Sleep.

CHINQUAPIN, N. C., July 13, 1895.—I was troubled with sick headache and loss of appetite, and I could not sleep well at night. I have used one bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla and am now feeling all right again. I heartily recommend this medicine to every one.
ADALINE LANIER.

HOOD'S PILLS cure sick headache, indigestion.

Women's Mission Union.

The Women's Mission Union of Fayetteville Presbytery will hold its Annual Meeting in the Presbyterian Church in Lumberton, Robeson County, on Friday, Aug. 30th, 1895.

There will be a public Lecture on Thursday evening on some phase of woman's work in Missions, by Rev. H. G. Hill, D. D., and also on Friday evening by Rev. J. Stedman Black.

The opening exercises on Friday morning at 9 A. M. will be conducted by the Pastor, Rev. D. W. Fox and will be public. His welcome to the delegates will be responded to in behalf of the ladies by J. A. McAllister, Esq., after which the meeting will be strictly for ladies. A large attendance is earnestly hoped for, as the Lumberton ladies will entertain most graciously, and will have a committee to meet all the trains.
MRS. E. A. MACRAE, Pres't.

SPECIFIC FOR SCROFULA.

"Since childhood, I have been afflicted with scrofulous boils and sores, which caused me terrible suffering. Physicians were unable to help me, and I only grew worse under their care. At length, I began to take

AYER'S

Sarsaparilla, and very soon grew better. After using half a dozen bottles I was completely cured, so that I have not had a boil or pimple on any part of my body for the last twelve years. I can cordially recommend Ayer's Sarsaparilla as the very best blood-purifier in existence."—G. T. REINHART, Myersville, Texas.

AYER'S
THE ONLY WORLD'S FAIR
Sarsaparilla
Ayer's Cherry Pectoral cures Coughs and Colds

Lumber Wanted
Cut Accurately and Rapidly on the
FARQUHAR
Variable Friction Feed Saw Mill
with Quick Receding Head Blocks. Capacity 5,000 to 30,000 feet, with Engines and Boilers from 12 to 40 Horse Power.
For full descriptive catalogue address,
A. B. FARQUHAR CO., Ltd.,
YORK, PA.

L. L. D. and G. G.

The Liquor Dealers, Distillers and Grape Growers Association of North Carolina will meet in Annual Convention
August 20, 1895, in Asheville, N. C.
Come one and all and meet with our Asheville Brothers, where you will receive a hearty welcome. Reduced rates on all the Railroads.
SOL. BEAR,
Pres't L. D. D. & G. G. Asso.
A. V. DOCKERY, Sec'y 8-15-95 1t

NOTICE.

In regard to the report on J. J. Mainor as to his running away, it is all an arrant lie, and I am here running my first-class market as before, and will continue. Thanking all for past patronage I ask for a continuance.
8-15-96 1t] Yours, J. J. MAINOR.

FARRIERY.

Not every man is an artist at shoeing horses; there are many pretenders. Does your horse need shoes? You will have him shod at my stables by an expert Farrier if you value him.
G. A. BURNS,
7-25-95 2m Fayetteville.

Jones Seminary
FOR YOUNG LADIES.
Beautiful location. Mineral Springs. Unequalled healthfulness. Commodious, well furnished buildings, with open fireplaces. Thorough instruction by the very best teachers. Refined home life. Practical training in domestic affairs. Entire cost of boarding and tuition, including Latin, $8.00 per month. Music and Art only $3.00 per month extra for each.
For Catalogue, address the Principal,
Rev. C. A. HAMPTON,
8-8-95 4t All Healing, N. C.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

The hair, when not properly cared for, loses its lustre, becomes crisp, harsh, and dry, and falls out freely with every combing. To prevent this, the best dressing in the market is Ayer's Hair Vigor. It imparts that silky gloss so essential to perfect beauty.

"Mothers' Friend" Cures Rising Breast.

I have been a midwife for many years, and in each case where **"MOTHERS' FRIEND"** was used **it accomplished wonders and shortened labor and lessened pain.** It is the best remedy for RISING OF THE BREAST known, and worth the price for that alone.
Mrs. M. M. Brewster, Montgomery, Ala.

Sent by Express or mail, on receipt of price, **$1.00 per bottle.** Book "To Mothers" mailed free.
BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

SCHOOL! SCHOOL!

Miss Alice H. Mallett's School for Boys and Girls
will open in the new school building on Rowan street on
Monday, Sept. 2nd, 1895.
CALISTHENICS. CLASS-SINGING,
without extra charge.
For terms apply to
Miss MALLETT, Rowan St.,
8-8-95 4t Fayetteville, N. C.

J. O'Daniel's Grocery,
NEXT DOOR TO LITTLE MIKE.
SAMPSON COUNTY BACON, FLOUR, SUGAR, COFFEE, TOBACCO, &c.
Market prices paid for country produce.

Most People Can See a Good Thing
WITHOUT USING A SPY-GLASS AND SATISFACTION RESULTS.
To build up a wide demand on a specially good
Tea at 50c. per pound,
we give three pounds of granulated sugar with every pound of
TEA.
We request your trying this
Tea on its Merits.

STANDARD GOODS
OF VARIOUS KINDS IN STOCK AND CONSTANTLY ARRIVING.
A. S. HUSKE, Ag't.

Farm for Sale.

A farm in one of the middle counties of North Carolina, in half a mile of railroad and near a delightful town. Good dwelling and outhouses, including good spring house. Good chance for party desiring to go into the dairy business. About 200 acres, including woodland. Land suitable for tobacco and all kinds of grain. Will be sold on easy terms for $1,500, or $1,200 cash.
Apply to FLORIDA,
8-1-95 tf care Observer office.

Salem Female Academy.

The 94th Annual Session begins September 5th, 1895. Register for last year shows more than 500 persons under instruction during the year. Special features:—the development of Health, Character and Intellect. Buildings thoroughly remodelled. Fully equipped Preparatory, Collegiate and Post Graduate Departments, besides first-class schools in Music, Art, Languages, Commercial and Industrial Studies.
J. H. CLEWELL, Principal,
8-1-95 4t Salem, N. C.

ST. MARY'S SCHOOL
FOR GIRLS,
RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA.
THE ADVENT TERM OF THE FIFTY-FOURTH SCHOOL YEAR WILL BEGIN SEPTEMBER 19, 1895.
Special attention paid to Physical Culture and Hygiene.
Address the Rector,
7-4-95 3m REV. B. SMEDES, A. M.

PRESBYTERIAN HIGH SCHOOL
—OF—
North Carolina for Boys and Young Men.
(In buildings formerly occupied by Bingham School.)
The most healthful section of State.
Moral and Christian training and influences unsurpassed.
Thorough Instruction.
Terms moderate. Address
Rev. H. C. KEGLEY, Principal,
7-4-95 2m Mebane, N. C.

University of North Carolina
COMPRISES THE UNIVERSITY,
THE COLLEGE,
THE LAW AND MEDICAL SCHOOLS,
AND THE SUMMER SCHOOL FOR TEACHERS
Tuition $60.
35 Teachers, 471 Students.
Address PRESIDENT WINSTON, Chapel Hill, N. C., for Catalogue and handbook on "University Education."

FOR RENT.

The Store, adjoining the Hotel LaFayette, recently occupied by Rose & Leak.
For terms, apply to
H. W. LILLY
5-23-95—tf

Land and Immigration Agency.

I am now corresponding with reliable and responsible parties who desire to establish and operate in the South
POULTRY FARMS, VINEYARDS, FRUIT AND TRUCK FARMS AND CREAMERIES.
OTHERS WHO WANT TO BUY
TIMBER LANDS, FACTORY SITES, &c.
Will be pleased to hear from any one who may have special inducements to offer to secure any or all of these people, since they are the classes of immigrants we need. Address
NEWTON H. SMITH, Manager,
7-25-95 Fayetteville, N. C.

Grand Military Excursion from Fayetteville to Wilmington and Ocean View,
FRIDAY, AUGUST 23, 1895.

The Fayetteville Independent Light Infantry will celebrate its One Hundred and Second Anniversary at Ocean View. They expect a large attendance of Veterans and Ladies.
A Fine Band will go with us.
The managers will do all in their power to make everybody have a pleasant day.
Good order will be maintained, and the ladies carefully looked after.
A Refreshment Car, a Baggage Car and a Reserved Coach will be in the train. Reserved seats 25 cents extra.
Tickets will be on sale at the office of the Agent at all Stations below Fayetteville and can be had from any of the Committee.

SCHEDULE AND FARE.

		Wilmington.	Ocean View.
Fayetteville,	7:00 A. M.	$1.00	$1.25
Stedman,	7:25 "	1.00	1.25
Autryville,	7:32 "	1.00	1.25
Roseboro,	7:52 "	1.00	1.25
Parkersburg,	8:05 "	90	1.15
Garland,	8:18 "	90	1.15
Ivanhoe,	8:54 "	75	1.00

Return Train leaves Ocean View 6:30 P. M.; Wilmington 7:30 P. M.
J. C. VANN, MARSDEN HAIGH,
E. L. PEMBERTON, B. R. HUSKE,
W. C. McDUFFIE, Managers.

"AT ACTUAL COST."

FOR THE NEXT TWO WEEKS
I will offer my entire stock
—OF—
FINE CLOTHING
—AND—
Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods AT COST,
as I need the room for incoming Fall Stock.

H. R. NOVITZKY,
The Fayetteville Clothier.

EDUCATIONAL. | EDUCATIONAL.

MRS. MORROW'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.
HAYMOUNT.
Fall Term begins September 3rd, 1895.
PRIMARY, PREPARATORY AND ACADEMIC DEPARTMENTS.
This school offers special advantages in Music, Art, Languages and Social Culture. Board and tuition at moderate terms.
For circulars address MRS. FANNIE MORROW,
8-1-95 Fayetteville, N. C.

SWAIN HIGH SCHOOL.
STEDMAN, N. C.
Located on C. F. & Y. V., at Stedman, N. C.; Good Location; Healthy Surroundings; Morals Good; Religious Advantages Excellent; School Non-Sectarian; Prepares for College, Business Life or Teaching; Both Sexes; Charges $1.00 to $2.50; Board $5.00 to $6.00; First-class advantages at lowest rate; School opens August 12th and continues ten months. Apply for particulars to D. W. CARTER, (University of N. C.), Principal,
7-25-95 4t Stedman, N. C.

FAYETTEVILLE MILITARY ACADEMY,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
The LAFAYETTE MILITARY ACADEMY having been reorganized and thoroughly equipped will reopen
SEPTEMBER 4th, 1895.
—The school under its *new* management will be known as the—
Fayetteville Military Academy.
Every possible facility will be utilized for the training and instruction of boys and young men in all the branches usually taught in a high grade school, including Military Tactics and a BUSINESS COURSE. Certificate admits to various Colleges and Universities. Absolutely healthful location and genuine home, with refined surroundings. Careful attention to morals and manners.
The Principal, for eight (8) years co-Principal of Horner School, Oxford, and a teacher of long experience, will be assisted by a corps of well qualified teachers holding full diplomas from the leading Institutions of the country. The Principal and Instructors live in same building with the Cadets—ready at all times to assist them in every possible way. Parents will find here a *maximum advantage at a minimum cost*. Those who intend entering the next session, will please notify us as early as practical. For prospectus or any further information apply to
COL. T. J. DREWRY, C. E., Principal.
or W. S. DREWRY, Ph. B. M. A.,
'Till August 1st, Boykins, Va. Associate Principal.

Wilson Military Academy.
In consequence of the removal of the LaFayette Military Academy from Fayetteville to Wilson, the name of this very popular institution of learning will hereafter be known as "WILSON MILITARY ACADEMY."
The Fall Term begins Wednesday, Sept. 4, 1895.
With greater facilities, better accommodations and equipments, and if possible brighter prospects, the school enters upon its third year with every indication of a much larger patronage and more general usefulness.
The most thorough instruction is given in literary and commercial branches; and moral culture and physical training receive due attention.
The third "Annual Announcement," containing full particulars, will be mailed to any one upon application. Address
Major J. W. YEREX.
6-20-95 4m WILSON, N. C.

NORTH CAROLINA
College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts,
THE NEXT SESSION OF THIS COLLEGE WILL BEGIN
SEPTEMBER 5th.
EXAMINATIONS AT COUNTY SEATS FIRST SATURDAY IN AUGUST.
Young men desiring a technical education at an unusually low cost will do well to apply for catalogue to
A. Q. HOLLADAY, Pres.,
7-18-95 Raleigh, N. C.

PEACE INSTITUTE,
FOR YOUNG LADIES.
Unsurpassed in Thoroughness, Location, Equipment, Faculty, Furniture and Fare.
No superior work done anywhere North or South.
Opens SEPTEMBER 11, 1895
Send for catalogue.
JAS. DINWIDDIE, M. A., (Univ. Va.)
6-20-95 3m Raleigh, N. C.

HEAD EASY. "The Greatest Remedy on Earth" —FOR— **HEADACHE** AND **NEURALGIA.**
ASK YOUR Druggist for It.
JOHN P. STEDMAN, Manufacturer, Oxford, N. C.

JACKSON SPRINGS.
It is folly to suffer with
INDIGESTION,
DYSPEPSIA,
CHRONIC DIARRHŒA,
GENERAL DEBILITY,
OR WITH KIDNEY, BLADDER OR FEMALE TROUBLES
when you can be speedily and permanently cured by drinking Jackson Springs Water, either at the Springs or from bottles shipped to you.
It has cured others, it can cure you if you will give it a reasonable trial. The hotel is now open for guests, and the water is being shipped in half gallon bottles, one dozen to the crate. For circulars or further information, apply to
JOHN W. THOMPSON, Prop.
Or DR JAS. E. BROOKS, Manager, West End, Moore County, N. C. 6-27-95 2m

Ridgeway High School,
For Boys and Girls.
The Fall Term of 1895, commences AUGUST 28th and continues twenty weeks.
TOTAL EXPENSES.
Tuition $15.00, $20.00 and $25.00.
Board (including washing, lights and fuel) $8.00.
Music (with use of instrument) $15.00.
Catalogues furnished upon application.
JOHN GRAHAM, Principal,
7-25-95 4t Ridgeway, N. C.

Scrofula

Miss Della Stevens, of Boston, Mass., writes: I have always suffered from hereditary Scrofula, for which I tried various remedies, and many reliable physicians, but none relieved me. After taking 6 bottles of S.S.S. I am now well. I am very grateful to you, as I feel that it saved me from a life of untold agony, and shall take pleasure in speaking only words of praise for the wonderful medicine, and in recommending it to all.

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free.

Cured

SWIFT SPECIFIC COMPANY, ATLANTA, GA.

D. R. HUFFINES,

—AGENT AND BOTTLER OF THE—

Robert Portner Brewery Company's CELEBRATED LAGER BEER

IN KEGS, EXPORT OR PATENT BOTTLES.

WHOLESALE EXCLUSIVELY.

ALL ORDERS HAVE MY PROMPT ATTENTION.

Beer kept at Ice Cold Temperature all the time.

Look Quick!

Come Look!

AT MY WELL SELECTED STOCK OF

FURNITURE,

—SUCH AS—

Oak Suits, Walnut Suits,
Bureaus, Bedsteads,
Washstands, Chairs,
Tables, Cribs,
Hall Racks, Wardrobes,
Lounges, Bed Springs,
&c. &c.

HOME-MADE MATRESSES

A SPECIALTY.

Respectfully,

J. H. ROBINSON, JR.

THE

Fayetteville Ice Factory

IS NOW IN FIRST-CLASS REPAIR

And Running on Full Time.

Give us Your Patronage.

WE WILL APPRECIATE IT AND ENDEAVOR TO SERVE YOU TO YOUR SATISFACTION.

JOHNSON & WEMYSS,

LESSEES.

5-16-95 3m

Mexican Mustang Liniment

for

Burns,
Caked & Inflamed Udders.
Piles,
Rheumatic Pains,
Bruises and Strains.
Running Sores,
Inflammations,
Stiff Joints,
Harness & Saddle Sores,
Sciatica,
Lumbago,
Scalds,
Blisters,
Insect Bites,
All Cattle Ailments,
All Horse Ailments,
All Sheep Ailments,

Penetrates Muscle, Membrane and Tissue Quickly to the Very Seat of Pain and Ousts it in a Jiffy.

Rub in Vigorously.

Mustang Liniment conquers Pain, Makes Man or Beast well again.

The Condition of the Treasury

Atlanta Constitution.

We hear a great deal about the return of prosperity. A return even to the low and gloomy conditions of 1893 is lifted by the exuberance of the trade journals into something like a phenomenon. We are told daily that the country is recovering, that confidence is restored and that various other things have taken place that will place the business of the country on the highest levels of the highest tide. But behind the artificial exuberance that is circulated for a purpose is the fear of the thoughtful and conservative business men of the country that we have not seen the end of the conditions that have operated for the past two years to crush out all commercial and industrial activity.

These thoughtful and conservative business men are asking themselves whether the temporary relief that has been given by the last syndicate bond purchase is to show signs of permanence when that powerful combination concludes that its business contract has been fully carried out. It will be remembered that this combination of individual bankers, going altogether outside of the routine of ordinary business, undertook to protect the treasury for a limited period. For this they were paid a bonus of $10,000,000 by the administration, a sum large enough to engage the members of the syndicate to put forth their utmost powers. This they seem to have done, though they found the conditions which they had agreed to overcome to be of such perplexing character that they were unable to carry out the letter of their contract, though they have fulfilled its spirit.

By the terms of the contract the syndicate was to import $32,000,000 of gold. The rate of exchange, however, was so unfavorable that the best that could be done was to arrest the export of gold by selling bills of exchange a little below the market price. The shipments thus arrested have been counted by the syndicate as imported gold. This has met with criticism on the part of some of the New York papers; but we have no doubt the syndicate did the best it could. Its only recourse, in the face of the high ruling of exchange in the New York market, was to borrow gold in London and sell bills against the gold in New York. Otherwise there would have been no cessation in the export of gold from the treasury. Even with this, the syndicate has not been able to prevent a run on the treasury reserve. More than two millions was taken from the treasury a fortnight ago. This the syndicate was at some pains to replace, in this matter going somewhat beyond the letter of its contract.

News comes now that more than two millions of gold was carted out of the treasury for shipment yesterday. No doubt the syndicate will feel called upon to replace this amount; but the most thoughtful and conservative business men of the country very clearly perceive that the United States cannot continue to depend on the efforts of a rich syndicate of bankers to stand between the government and ruin. There is an end to the manipulations of the syndicate. There is an end to the issue of bonds. But what will the end be? It is claimed that this government, the strongest and the most powerful on the face of the earth, is now shielded from bankruptcy by the efforts of a half dozen of the rich bankers of New York and London. But an end to this sort of protection must come after awhile, and when it does come, what then?

The New York Journal of Commerce, which represents the best business thought of New York, shows in its issue of July 29th, an extract from which is reprinted on this page, that the operations of the syndicate have "averted an export of about $100,000,000 of gold, with inconceivable disaster alike to the treasury and to the country at large. Rarely," says the Journal of Commerce, "has a nation's finances been more miraculously saved." Conceding the miracle, can we expect it to be continuous? A miracle, if we understand the term, is a thing of the moment. It cannot last forever. Otherwise, it would cease to be a miracle and become a commonplace affair that would attract not the slightest attention.

But the Journal of Commerce, representing the thoughtful and conservative business men of its section—and, indeed, of all sections—is beginning to have doubts about the future. The Journal of Commerce is of the opinion that if there are "no secret understandings," whereby the syndicate is to assume permanent control of the treasury, 'it is time to prepare for self-help."

Now, whether we regard the remarks of the Journal of Commerce as a mere statement of fact or as a warning, we are bound to recognize the justice of it. It springs, and puts in a foremost place, the question: After the syndicate, what? That is the question that the thoughtful and conservative business men of the country are asking themselves to-day. On this important matter we print in another column some interesting extracts from an editorial article in the Journal of Commerce in order to show how vague and uncertain is the future of our financial affairs. The anomalous condition of syndicate control is safe enough as far as it goes, but how far does it go? As the Journal of Commerce says: "There must be somewhere a point at which the syndicate must withdraw its support from the treasury; so that it is a case of only a few months when the gold reserve must return to the condition of exposure from which it has been shielded since last February."

All must agree that this is a sober statement of facts. The financial affairs of the treasury of the United States cannot much longer be controlled by a few individual bankers; but when their hands are removed, what is the remedy to be applied? The Journal of Commerce admits that the condition of the treasury is no better now than it was in February last if the syndicate were to take its hands off, and our contemporary admits that this contingency is something that it looks forward to with doubt and distrust. What then after all has the administration to show as the result of a policy that has been indorsed—fatuously, as we believe—by a great many business men? What has it to show in return for the public debt that it has piled up in order to sustain the treasury reserve?

The Journal of Commerce scouts the idea that after the syndicate has carried out its contract "affairs may be safely left to run themselves," and so the editor sets about suggesting a remedy—that remedy is for the banks to unite and pay all customs dues in gold. This would seem to be an adequate remedy if the banks had the gold to spare, but every symptom of the past two years shows that whether the banks have much or little gold they refuse to pay it out except for government bonds or other gilt edged securities. The remedy proposed by the New York Journal of Commerce would be a good one if it were feasible; but we think that some other will have to be proposed.

Meanwhile, the fact remains that nothing has been done adequately to protect the gold reserve, and as soon as the syndicate carries out its contract, the reserve will be in the state of exposure that has invited raids on the treasury.

In urging the need for a better system of crop reports the Philadelphia Press says: "For five years past crop statistics have grown less and less accurate. The Government report has become altogether untrustworthy and the private estimates are no better. Exact or even approximate knowledge as to future crops or as to the yield after harvest seems as far off as ever."

DUKE CIGARETTES

MADE FROM High Grade Tobacco AND ABSOLUTELY PURE

VIRGINIA COLLEGE

For YOUNG LADIES, Roanoke, Va

Opens Sept. 12, 189.. One of the leading Schools for Young Ladies in the South. Magnificent buildings, all modern improvements. Campus ten acres. Grand mountain scenery in Valley of Va., famed for health. European and American teachers. Full course. Superior advantages in Art and Music. Students from twenty States. For catalogues address the President. W. A. HARRIS, D. D.

Roanoke, Virginia.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

ARE YOU CONSUMPTIVE

Use Parker's Ginger Tonic. It cures the worst Cough, Weak Lungs, Debility, Indigestion, Pain, Fake in time. 50 cts.

HINDERCORNS. The only sure cure for Corns. 15 cts. at Druggists, or HISCOX & CO., N. Y.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine. SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Philada., Pa.

Sold by all Local Druggists.

7-25-95 4t

FOR RENT.

The Store on Corner,

below Mike Folb's. Possession given August 1st. Apply to

McMILLAN BROS.

R. M. NIMOCKS, Fayetteville, N. C. E. M. WELLS, Man'g'r Wil. Branch.

THE

Carolina Cooperage and Veneer Co.

TRUCKERS WHO DESIRE

Shipping Packages, Crates, Barrels, &c.,

will do well to place their orders at once with A. S. HUSKE, who is authorized Agent, Fayetteville, N. C.

4-25-95

R. T. THOMAS,

successor to A. Deaver.

Butcher of Select Cattle,

Mutton and Pork in Season.

By conducting a first-class business in the section of the Market House recently vacated by the city fire department, I will strive to MERIT A SHARE OF THE PATRONAGE IN MY LINE.

Respectfully,

R. T. THOMAS

3-14-95

The I. W. Harper whisky should be on every sideboard.

The I. W. Harper whisky should be in every Medicine chest.

The I. W. Harper whisky should be in every club.

The I. W. Harper whisky should be on every bar.

All all of this because it is the prince of whiskies. The Ideal Kentucky article.

SOLD BY

J. W. INGOLD,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

LOOK!

Look to Your Interest.

Call and examine my stock of GROCERIES before you buy, and save money by trading with me.

Yours for trade and fair dealing,

J. W. CARMON,

7-25-94 4t Harris's old stand, Person St.

E. L. CLARK'S

HEADQUARTERS FOR

BACON, FLOUR, SALT,

AND EVERY THING USUALLY KEPT AT A FIRST-CLASS

Family Supply House.

Dry Goods, Notions, Boots, Shoes and Clothing.

RESTAURANT ON SECOND FLOOR.

E. L. CLARK,

9-27-94 tf Cor. Hay and Winslow Sts

A. B. WILLIAMS,

COTTON :-: BUYER.

HAY STREET,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Fayetteville Cotton Seed Oil Mill,

Railroad Street,

Manufacturers of Cotton-Seed Meal and Crude Oil.

Pays highest market price for cotton-seed.

PATENTS

Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained, and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES. OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington.

Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured. A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents," with cost of same in the U. S. and foreign countries sent free. Address,

C. A. SNOW & CO.

OPP. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

What is

CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."

DR. G. C. OSGOOD, Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."

DR. J. F. KINCHELOE, Conway, Ark.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."

H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."

UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY, Boston, Mass.

ALLEN C. SMITH, Pres.

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

"DR. FRANKLIN'S BLOOD PURIFIER"

CURES

Malarial Fever, Chills and Fever and Every Kind of Humor

From the common pimple, blotch or eruption, to the worst scrofula. Great eating ulcers kindly heal under its mighty curative influence. Virulent and contagious blood-poison is robbed of its terrors, and by its persevering and somewhat protracted use, THE MOST TAINTED SYSTEM MAY BE COMPLETELY RENOVATED and BUILT UP ANEW.

—Dr. Franklin's Blood Purifier only 25 cents per bottle. Manufactured by—

Franklin Drug Company.

FOR SALE BY

B. E. SEDBERRY & SON.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

OWN YOUR OWN HOME.

THE PANSY No. 12.

FOR 60 CENTS in Postage Stamps, Postal Note or Silver, we will furnish any reader of this paper with one full and complete set of plans and specifications of either of the three cottages here shown. These plans are drawn to a scale and are guaranteed to be mechanically correct and ready to build from—every detail that can be furnished by a competent architect being provided for.

PANSY COTTAGE No. 12. This cottage contains 5 rooms besides attic and bath room, and can be built for $1400.

Plans are engraved on fine bond paper.

If a more moderate priced cottage is desired you will be interested in the

ROSEBUD COTTAGE No. 20. This is a cottage which can be built for $1000—a marvel of completeness in every way.

Plans are finely engraved on heavy paper.

For persons of more moderate means we have prepared plans and specifications of the

EVERGREEN COTTAGE No. 22. This cottage contains 3 rooms and can be built for $750.

A complete set of of either of these plans—except Evergreen, which contains four sheets—consists of five sheets 14x25 inches, each, all beautifully engraved on fine paper.

Sheet No. 1 consists of views of front elevation, perspective and interior sectional views.

Sheet No. 2 consists of front and side elevation views.

Sheet No 3 illustrates floor plans, roof, attic, etc.

Sheet No. 4 shows various details: sections of porch, door frame, window frame, etc.

Sheet No. 5 covers full specifications, itemized estimate of cost of all material used, cost of labor with full particulars and advice regarding division of cost for various lines of materials, instructions and suggestions to builder, etc.

Each set of plans is neatly wrapped in pasteboard tube and will be sent postpage prepaid to any address for 60 cents; 2 for $1.10; 3 for $1.50. An architect would require upwards of $25.00 for furnishing plans with all the details given in ours, and the opportunity herein offered of securing for 60 cts. what is ordinarily rated at $25.00 is one that should be taken advantage of all readers.

THE ROSEBUD, NO. 20.

THE EVERGREEN, NO. 22.

Do not neglect this opportunity whether contemplating building or not EVERYBODY IS INTERESTED. Address all orders to

UNIVERTAL PLAN COMPANY, 1127 Pine Street, St. Louis, Mo.

We are personally acquainted with the members of the Univercal Plan Co. and know this firm to be thoroughly reliable.—Publisher GLOBE DEMOCRAT.

THE ORTON,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

The Leading Hotel in the Metropolis of the Cape Fear Section.

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.

To meet the requirements of the traveling public, rates at this Hotel are reduced to $2.00 per day and upwards.

"THE ORTON" is furnished with every modern appliance for the comfort and convenience of its guests, including Otis Elevator, Electric Lights, Steam Heating, &c.

J. E. MONTAGUE, Manager.

Administrator's Notice.

Having duly qualified as administrator of the estate of A. J. Pemberton, deceased, the undersigned hereby notifies all persons holding claims against said estate to present them to him duly authenticated on or before the 20th day of June, 1896, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate must make immediate settlement. E. L. PEMBERTON, Administrator.

N. A. SINCLAIR, Attorney. June 20, 1895.

Papers for Sale.

Old papers for sale at the OBSERVER OFFICE at 20 cents per hundred.

POE & CO.,

BRICK AND TILE MANUFACTURERS,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

J. A. Lambeth,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,

Rear Hotel LaFayette

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLES.

Stalls for rent at 10c. per night. Special accommodations for drummers. Buggies for sale cheap Cash system.

CAPE FEAR & YADKIN VALLEY RAIL'Y

JOHN GILL, RECEIVER.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

In Effect June 23rd, 1895

NORTH BOUND.	No. 2, Daily
Leave Wilmington,	9:05 a. m.
Arrive Fayetteville,	12:15 p. m.
Leave Fayetteville,	12:45 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction,	
Leave Sanford,	2:16 "
Leave Climax,	4:19 "
Arrive Greensboro,	4:50 "
Leave Greensboro,	5:00 "
Leave Stokesdale,	5:55 "
Arrive Walnut Cove,	6:25 "
Leave Walnut Cove,	6:30 "
Leave Rural Hall,	6:58 "
Arrive Mt. Airy,	8:25 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 1, Daily
Leave Mt. Airy,	7:05 a. m
Leave Rural Hall,	8:9 "
Arrive Walnut Cove,	8:55 "
Leave Walnut Cove,	8:59 "
Leave Stokesdale,	9:28 "
Arrive Greensboro,	10:11 "
Leave Greensboro,	10:0 "
Leave Climax,	10:50 "
Leave Sanford,	12:50 p. m.
Arrive Fayetteville Junction,	
Arrive Fayetteville,	2:15 "
Leave Fayetteville,	2:45 "
Arrive Wilmington,	5:55 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 4, Daily
Leave Bennettsville,	8:15 a. m.
Arrive Maxton,	9:20 "
Leave Maxton,	9:29 "
Leave Red Springs,	9:55 "
Leave Hope Mills,	1:35 "
Arrive Fayetteville,	10:55 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 3, Daily
Leave Fayetteville,	4: 5 p. m.
Leave Hope Mills,	4:54 "
Leave Red Springs,	5:10 "
Arrive Maxton,	6:12 "
Arrive Bennettsville,	7:20 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16, Mixed, Daily Except Sunday.
Leave Ramseur,	5:50 a. m
Leave Climax,	7:35 "
Arrive Greensboro,	8:20 "
Leave Greensboro,	9:15 "
Leave Stokesdale,	10:50 "
Arrive Madison	11:50 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15, Mixed, Daily Except Sunday.
Leave Madison,	12:30 p. m.
Leave Stokesdale,	1:35 "
Arrive Greensboro,	2:40 "
Leave Greensboro,	3:00 "
Leave Climax,	4:20 "
Arrive Ramseur,	6:00 "

NORTH BOUND CONNECTIONS

at Fayetteville with Atlantic Coast Line for all points North and East, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western Railroad for Winston-Salem

SOUTH BOUND CONNECTIONS

at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western Railroad for Roanoke and points North and West, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company for Raleigh, Richmond and all points North and East, at Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points South, at Maxton with the Seaboard Air Line for Charlotte, Atlanta and all points South and Southwest, at Wilmington with the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad for Wrightsville and Ocean View.

Trains No. 1 and 2 dinner at Fayetteville.

W. E. KYLE, General Passenger Agent.

J. W. FRY, General Manager.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.

AND BRANCHES

AND FLORENCE RAILROAD

Condensed Schedule.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

DATED Jan. 27, 1895	No. 23 Daily.	No. 35.	No. 41. Daily.
	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.
Leave Weldon..	11 53	9 27	.....
Ar. Rocky Mount	12 57	10 20	.....
Leave Tarboro..	12 20	.....	.....
Lv Rocky Mount	1 05	10 20	6 00
Leave Wilson...	2 03	11 03	.....
Leave Selma....	2 53	.....	.....
Lv. Fayetteville	4 30	12 57	.....
Arrive Florence	7 15	3 00	.....

	No. 47 Daily.		
	P. M.		A. M.
Leave Wilson...	2 08	.....	6 35
Leave Goldboro.	2 55	.....	7 20
Leave Magnolia.	4 02	.....	8 29
Ar. Wilmington.	5 30	.....	10 00
	P. M.		A. M.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

DATED Jan. 27, 1895.	No. 78. Daily.	No. 32. Daily.	No. 40. Daily.
	A. M.	P. M.	
Leave Florence	8 15	7 15	.....
Lv. Fayetteville	10 55	9 19	.....
Leave Selma....	12 32	.....	.....
Arrive Wilson..	1 20	11 15	.....
Leave Tarboro..	2 48	.....	.....

	No. 48 Daily.			
	A. M.		P. M.	
Lv Wilmington.	9 20	.....	7 00	.....
Leave Magnolia	10 56	.....	8 31	.....
Leave Goldsboro	12 05	.....	9 40	.....
Arrive Wilson..	1 00	.....	10 27	.....

	No. 76 Daily.		No. 32 Daily		
	P. M.		P. M.	P. M.	
Leave Wilson...	1 30	.....	11 20	10 32	.....
Ar Rocky Mount	2 33	.....	12 02	11 15	.....
Arrive Tarboro.	2 48	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lv Rocky Mount	2 33	.....	12 02	.....	.....
Arrive Weldon..	3 48	.....	12 54	.....	.....
	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.	

†Daily except Monday ‡Daily except Sunday.

Train on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leaves Weldon 3:48 P M, Halifax 4:05 P M, arrive Scotland Neck at 4:55 P M. Greenville 6:37 P M., Kinston 7:35 P M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7:20 A M, Greenville 8:22 A M. Arriving Halifax at 10:55 A M. Weldon 11:20 A M, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7:00 A. M., arrives Parmele 8:40 A. M., Tarboro 9:50 A M; returning leaves Tarboro 4:50 P M, Parmele 6:10 P. M., arrives Washington 7:35 P. M. Daily except Sunday. Connects with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N C, daily except Sunday at 5:00 P M, Sunday 3:00 P M; arrives Plymouth 9:00 P M, 5:25 P M. Returning leaves Plymouth daily, except Sunday, 6:00 A M, Sunday 9:30 A M, arrive Tarboro 10:25 A M, and 11:45 A M.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro daily except Sunday, 6:05 A M, arriving Smithfield 7:30 A M. Returning, leaves Smithfield 8:00 A M; arrive Goldsboro 9:30 A M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4:30 P M, arrives Nashville 5:05 P M, Spring Hope 5:30 P M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8:0 A M, Nashville 8:35 A M, arrive Rocky Mount 9:05 A M, daily, except Sunday.

Trains on Latta Branch Florence R R leave Latta 6:40 P M; arrive Dunbar 7:50 P M. Returning leave Dunbar 6:30 A M; arrive Latta 7:50 A M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, Daily, except Sunday, at 4:10 P M. Returning, leaves Clinton at 7:20 A M., connecting at Warsaw with main line trains.

Train No 78 makes close connection at Weldon for all points North daily, all rail via Richmond, and daily except Sunday via Portsmouth and Bay Line. Also at Rocky Mount with Norfolk and Carolina Railroad for Norfolk daily and all points north via Norfolk daily except Sunday.

J. R. KENLEY, General Manager. JOHN F. DIVINE, General Sup't

T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.

LOOK! LOOK!!

Look to Your Interest!

Why can W. H. NEWBERRY & SONS make it pay to examine their

Stock of Furniture?

1st. They are MANUFACTURERS.

2nd. Their experience in MANUFACTURING enables them to know how to buy the BEST GOODS for the *least money.*

3rd The goods they buy are bought direct from MANUFACTURERS.

4th. Their *motto is quick sales and small profits*

To be convinced call in at their

FURNITURE STORE,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

THEY ALSO MANUFACTURE

HOUSE TRIMMINNGS, MOULDINGS RAILINGS, TURNED and SAWED SCROLL WORK, BRACKETS, BALUSTERS, NEWELL POSTS and MANTELS.

FURNITURE STORE—Thornton Block.

FACTORY—Cool Spring Street.

—THE—

Bank : of : Fayetteville,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,

Does - a - General - Banking - Business,

RECEIVES DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHECK,

Collects Note and Drafts

Payable here and at all Banking Points in North Carolina,

AT REASONABLE CHARGES,

and remits promptly for all collections.

CAPITAL STOCK, - - $300,000.00.

No deposits received on interest.

H. W. LILLY, President,
R. P. BUXTON, Vice Prest.,
J. C. HAIGH, JR., Cashier

Fayetteville, N. C.

Geo. A. Thomson,

—GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT—

Life, Accident and Fire.

MARBLE AND GRANITE

Monuments and Headstones.

The public is cordially invited to visit my yard, where they will always find a choice collection of

Monuments

—AND—

Headstones

to select from. My workmanship stands

SECOND TO NONE

in the South, and my prices are as low as can be obtained for strictly first-class work. A large lot of DESIGNS to select from.

Very respectfully,

E. L. REMSBURG,

Prop. Fayetteville Marble and Granite Works

JAPANESE PILE CURE

A New and Complete Treatment, consisting of SUPPOSITORIES, Ointment and Pills. Two Boxes of Ointment. A never failing cure for Piles of every nature and degree. Dispenses with the use of the knife or injections of carbolic acid, which are painful and seldom a permanent cure, often resulting in death. Unnecessary. Why endure this terrible disease? We guarantee 6 boxes to cure any case. You pay us after cure is received. $1 a box, 6 for $5. Sent by mail.

JAPANESE PILE OINTMENT, 25c. a Box.

CONSTIPATION Cured, Piles Prevented, the great LIVER and STOMACH REGULATOR and BLOOD PURIFIER. Small, mild and delightful as cake, especially adapted for children's use. 25 cents.

FOR SALE BY

KING BROS.,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

PATENTS

CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS COPYRIGHTS.

CAN I OBTAIN A PATENT? For a prompt answer and an honest opinion, write to MUNN & CO., who have had nearly fifty years' experience in the patent business. Communications strictly confidential. A Handbook of Information concerning Patents and how to obtain them sent free. Also a catalogue of mechanical and scientific books sent free.

Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the Scientific American, and thus are brought widely before the public without cost to the inventor. This splendid paper, issued weekly, elegantly illustrated, has by far the largest circulation of any scientific work in the world. $3 a year. Sample copies sent free.

Building Edition, monthly, $2.50 a year. Single copies, 25 cents. Every number contains beautiful plates, in colors, and photographs of new houses, with plans, enabling builders to show the latest designs and secure contracts. Address

MUNN & CO., NEW YORK, 361 BROADWAY.

SHEPPARD'S EXCELSIOR COOK STOVES

MADE FROM PURE PIG IRON

Not one pound of Scrap Iron is ever used in these goods.

DURABLE, CONVENIENT and ECONOMICAL

All Modern Improvements to Lighten Housekeeping Cares.

Twenty different sizes and kinds.

Every Stove Warranted Against Defects.

Prices not much higher at this time than on commoner kinds of Stoves.

Call on or address

McMILLAN BROS., Fayetteville, N. C.

From LaGrippe.

How Dr. Miles' Nervine Brought One of Kentucky's Foremost Business Men Back to Health.

NO DISEASE has ever presented so many peculiarities, developed so many aggravating symptoms and baffled so many physicians as LaGrippe. No disease leaves its victims so debilitated, useless, sleepless, nerveless, as LaGrippe. It is a disease of the nerves, it uses up the tissue, the vitality, the life-giving nerve force that feeds the brain.

There is one remedy that will replace this worn-out tissue, that will renew this lost vitality and restore health. Read what Mr. D. W. Hilton, state agent of the Mutual Life Insurance Co., of Kentucky, one of the best known insurance men in the south, and whose portrait appears above, says about how Dr. Miles' Nervine Restored him to health when all else had failed.

"In 1889 and '90 I had two severe attacks of LaGrippe, about eight months intervening between them, the last one confining me to my bed for four months and attacking my nervous system, with such severity that my life was despaired of. I had not slept for more than two months except by the use of narcotics that stupefied me, but gave me no rest. For more than eight long weeks I was only conscious of intense mental weakness, agonizing bodily pain and the fact that I was hourly growing weaker.

When in this condition, it seemed like a providential circumstance that I learned of Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine, for in two days after I commenced using it, I began to improve and in one month's time I was virtually cured, and very much to the surprise of everybody who knew of my condition for none of them believed I would ever recover. I have been in excellent health since and have recommended your remedies to many of my friends, not one of whom has failed to thank me for doing so, when I have met them again.

But the best remains to be told. Mrs. Hilton had suffered with severe nervous troubles for thirteen years and had been treated by several physicians, who stand high in their profession, without any perceptible improvement. Seeing how the Nervine had so effectually cured me, she commenced using it and is now in excellent health. We never fail to recommend it."

LOUISVILLE, Jan. 22, 1895. D. W. HILTON.

Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health